

09/ 835,523

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NEWS 9 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS 10 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15 Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
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NEWS 17 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
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NEWS EXPRESS February 1 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0d,
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09/ 835,523

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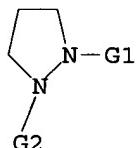
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Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES
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Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
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G1 C,O,S,N,P,Cy
G2 SO2,[@1],[@2]

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:36:50 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 212 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 212 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3367 TO 5113
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1047 TO 2113

L2 50 SEA SSS SAM L1

09/ 835,523

=> s 11 ful
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:36:58 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4011 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 4011 ITERATIONS 1547 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.05

L3 1547 SEA SSS FUL L1

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FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION
140.66 140.87

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 14 Aug 2002 VOL 137 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 13 Aug 2002 (20020813/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

=> s 13/biol
383 L3
5174338 BIOL/RL
L4 49 L3/BIOL
(L3 (L) BIOL/RL)

=> d 14 1- ibib abs fhitstr
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 49 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

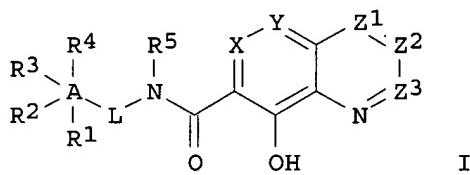
L4 ANSWER 1 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:293652 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:325531
TITLE: Preparation of (poly)azanaphthalenyl carboxamides as HIV integrase inhibitors
INVENTOR(S): Anthony, Neville J.; Gomez, Robert P.; Young, Steven D.; Egbertson, Melissa; Wai, John S.; Zhuang, Linghang; Embrey, Mark; Tran, Lekhanh; Melamed, Jeffrey Y.; Langford, H. Marie; Guare, James P.; Fisher, Thorsten E.; Jolly, Samson M.; Kuo, Michelle S.; Perlow, Debra S.; Bennett, Jennifer J.; Funk, Timothy W.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 434 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

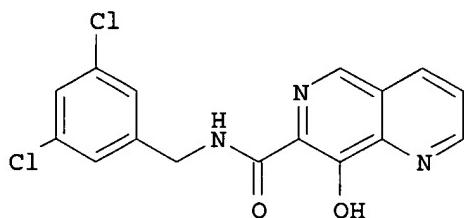
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|--|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002030930 | A2 | 20020418 | WO 2001-US31456 | 20011009 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT,
RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-239707P | P 20001012 |
| | | | US 2001-281656P | P 20010405 |

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 136:325531

GI



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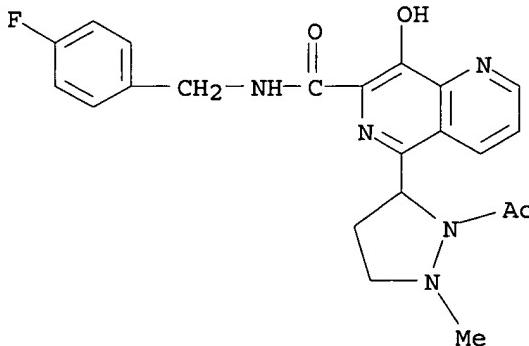


II

AB Title compds., including certain quinoline carboxamide and naphthyridine carboxamide derivs., I [wherein A = (un)substituted Ph or Ph fused to a carbocycle; L = a single bond, or (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkylcycloalkylalkyl, or alkyl-M-alkyl; M = NR_a, OCO, or CO₂; X = N or CQ₁; Y = N or CQ₂, provided that X and Y are not both N; Z₁ = N or CQ₃; Z₂ = N or CQ₄; Z₃ = N or CH; Q₁-Q₄ = independently H, halo, CN, NR₁CR₁₀, or (un)substituted alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, carbamoyl, carboximidamido, amino, etc.; or C₂Q₂Q₃ = (un)substituted 5- or 6-membered carbocycle or heterocycle; R₁ and R₂ = independently H, OH, halo, NO₂, CN, or (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy, amino, sulfonlamino, etc.; R₃ and R₄ = independently H, halo, CN, NO₂, OH, alkenyl, or (un)substituted alkyl, amino, sulfonlamino, etc.; R₅ = H, CN, CN, or (un)substituted alkyl or aryl; Ra = independently H or (halo)alkyl; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prep'd. I are inhibitors of HIV integrase and inhibitors of HIV replication, and are useful in the prevention or treatment of infection by HIV and the treatment of AIDS, as compds. or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or as ingredients in pharmaceutical

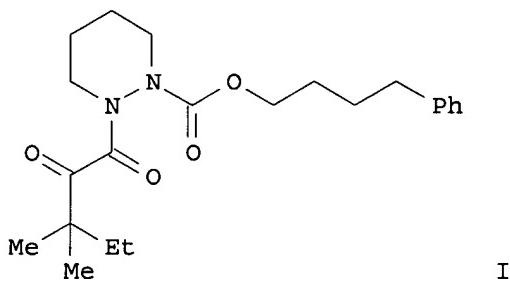
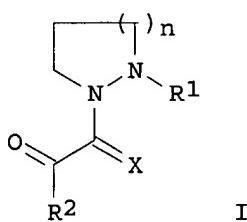
compns., optionally in combination with other antivirals, immunomodulators, antibiotics, or vaccines. For example, Mitsunobu reaction of iso-Pr 3-(hydroxymethyl)pyridine-2-carboxylate with Me N-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]glycinate, followed by cyclization in the presence on NaOMe, afforded Me 8-hydroxy-1,6-naphthyridine-7-carboxylate. Coupling with 3,5-dichlorobenzylamine in toluene gave II. Representative compds. were assayed for the inhibition of acute HIV infection of T-lymphoid cells and demonstrated IC₅₀ values of < 20 .μM.

- IT 410545-33-4P, 5-(2-Acetyl-1-methylpyrazolidin-3-yl)-N-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-8-hydroxy[1,6]naphthyridine-7-carboxamide
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (HIV integrase inhibitor; prepn. of (poly)azanaphthalenyl carboxamides as HIV integrase inhibitors for treatment of AIDS)
- RN 410545-33-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,6-Naphthyridine-7-carboxamide, 5-(2-acetyl-1-methyl-3-pyrazolidinyl)-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-8-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 2 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:172490 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:232310
 TITLE: Preparation of N-substituted cyclic aza compounds having neuronal activity
 INVENTOR(S): Wu, Yong-qian; Huang, Wei; Hamilton, Gregory S.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 54 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. Ser. No. 551,618.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--------|------------|-------------------|-------------|
| ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| US 2002028814 | A1 | 20020307 | US 2001-835523 | 20010417 |
| US 6417189 | B1 | 20020709 | US 2000-551618 | 20000417 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1999-164950P P | 19991112 |
| | | | US 2000-551618 | A2 20000417 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | MARPAT | 136:232310 | | |
| GI | | | | |



AB Title compds. I [n = 1-3; R1 = CR3, CO2R3, COR3, etc.; R2, R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; X = O, S], useful for effecting neuronal activities, were prep'd. Thus, II was prep'd. via a multi-step synthesis from tert-Bu 2-benzylperhydropyridazinecarboxylate. Biol. data for I (results of test for rotamase inhibition and MPTP model of Parkinson's disease) were given. E.g., II possessed a Ki value of 1175 nM in inhibition studies of rotamase and a 14% TH recovery in MPTP models.

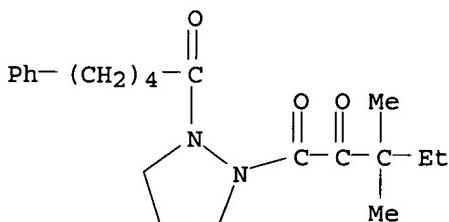
IT 340255-68-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of N-substituted cyclic aza compds. having neuronal activity)

RN 340255-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazolidine, 1-(3,3-dimethyl-1,2-dioxopentyl)-2-(1-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 3 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:780859 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:331433

TITLE: Preparation of cyclic diaza compounds for treating neurodegenerative disorders

INVENTOR(S): Wu, Yong-Qian; Huang, Wei; Hamilton, Gregory S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): GPI NIL Holdings, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 162 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

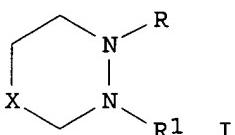
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-------------------|----------|
| WO 2001079177 | A1 | 20011025 | WO 2001-US12322 | 20010417 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN,
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 6417189 | B1 | 20020709 | US 2000-551618 | 20000417 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-551618 A | 20000417 |
| | | | US 1999-164950P P | 19991112 |

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 135:331433

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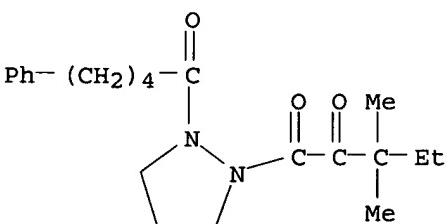
AB Title compds. [I; X = bond, CH₂; R = COY(CH₂)nC₆H₅, 5-(3-pyridyl)-pent-4-ynoyl, NCCCCH₂CH₂CO, 5-(3-pyridyl)-pentanoyl, 3-(3-pyridyl)-propoxycarbonyl; Y = O, bond; n = 5, 4, 3, 2; R₁ = C₆H₅CH₂SO₂, (CH₃CH₂)(CH₃)₂COCO, C₆H₅CH₂SO₂, cyclohexylaminocarbonyl] are prep'd. for pharmaceutical compns. comprising such compds. and methods of their use for effecting neuronal activities. Thus, the title compd. I (X = bond; Y = bond; n = 4; R = COY(CH₂)nC₆H₅; R₁ = (CH₃CH₂)(CH₃)₂COCO) was prep'd. and biol. tested in mice for MPTP model of Parkinson's disease and showed recovery of TH-stained dopaminergic neurons.

IT 340255-68-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prep'n. of cyclic diaza compds. for treating neurodegenerative disorders)

RN 340255-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazolidine, 1-(3,3-dimethyl-1,2-dioxopentyl)-2-(1-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



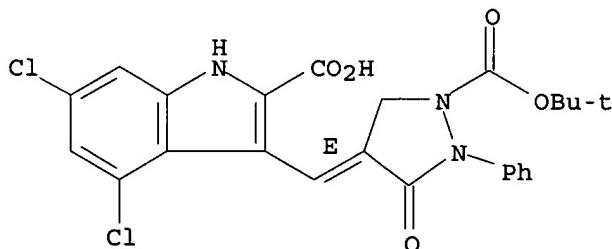
REFERENCE COUNT:

15

THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:720355 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:256698
 TITLE: Synthesis and pharmacological characterization of a conformationally restrained series of indole-2-carboxylates as in vivo potent glycine antagonists
 AUTHOR(S): Di Fabio, R.; Araldi, G.; Baraldi, D.; Cugola, A.; Donati, D.; Gastaldi, P.; Giacobbe, S. A.; Micheli, F.; Pentassuglia, G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicines Research Centre, GlaxoWellcome SpA, GlaxoSmithKline Group, Verona, 37135, Italy
 SOURCE: Farmaco (2001), 56(10), 791-798
 CODEN: FRMCE8; ISSN: 0014-827X
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science S.A.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB After the identification of GV150526, the indole-2-carboxylate template was further explored to identify novel potential anti-stroke agents. In particular, the SAR of the side chain present at the C-3 position of the indole nucleus was widely studied. In this paper, the synthesis and the pharmacol. profile of a further class of conformationally restricted analogs of GV150526 as in vitro and in vivo potent glycine antagonists is reported. In particular, a pyrazolidinone deriv. was identified as a potent neuroprotective agent in animal models of cerebral ischemia.
 IT 166974-27-2P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and pharmacol. characterization of a conformationally restrained series of indole-2-carboxylates as in vivo potent glycine antagonists)
 RN 166974-27-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 4,6-dichloro-3-[(E)-[1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-3-oxo-2-phenyl-4-pyrazolidinylidene]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

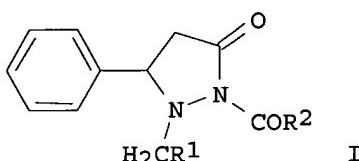
Double bond geometry as shown.



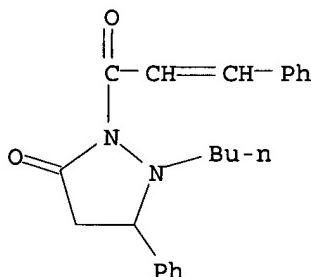
REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:701079 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:369646
 TITLE: Synthesis and anticonvulsion activity of 2-substituted acyl- 1-alkyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidones
 AUTHOR(S): Quan, Zheshan; Piao, Huri; Li, Yuhua
 CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmacy, Yanbian University, Yanji, 133000, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2001), 11(4), 215-217

CODEN: ZYHZEF; ISSN: 1005-0108
 PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:369646
 GI



- AB Title compds. I 1-R1-2-(R2-carbonyl)-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidones (R1 = n-Pr or ethyl; R2 = Me, n-Pr, 9-decanyl, Ph 2-phenylethenyl, 2-(4-methylphenyl)ethenyl, 2-(5-1,3-benzodioxo)ethenyl, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethenyl, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethenyl, or 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethenyl) were synthesized by condensation R1-CHO with 5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidone in methanol at 40.degree. for 3 h, reducing with NaBH4, acylating with R2-carbonyl chloride, and saponifying with HCl. Their structures were identified by IR and 1HNMR. The pharmacol. tests showed that three of the synthetic compds. had appreciable anticonvulsion activity.
- IT 227001-92-5P
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (2-substituted acyl-1-alkyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidones synthesis)
- RN 227001-92-5 CAPLUS
 CN 3-Pyrazolidinone, 1-butyl-2-(1-oxo-3-phenyl-2-propenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 49. CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:669962 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:284509
 TITLE: Negative cross-resistance between dihydropyrazole insecticides and pyrethroids in houseflies, *Musca domestica*
 AUTHOR(S): Khambay, Bhupinder P. S.; Denholm, Ian; Carlson, Glenn R.; Jacobson, Richard M.; Dhadialla, Tarlochan S.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Biological Chemistry Division, IACR-Rothamsted, Harpenden, AL5 2JQ, UK
 SOURCE: Pest Management Science (2001), 57(9), 761-763
 CODEN: PMSCFC; ISSN: 1526-498X
 PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

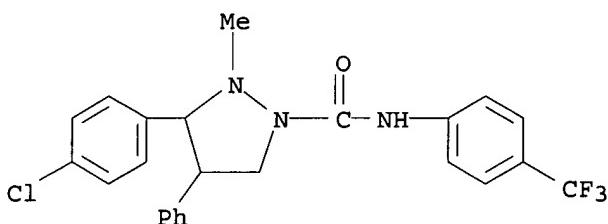
AB A series of insecticidal dihydropyrazoles and related compds. have been shown to exhibit neg. cross-resistance to a resistant (super-kdr) strain of houseflies with site-insensitivity to pyrethroids. The level of cross-resistance is similar to that obstd. previously for a range of N-alkylamides against the same strain.

IT 142404-18-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (neg. cross-resistance between dihydropyrazole insecticides and pyrethroids in houseflies)

RN 142404-18-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-4-phenyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:565019 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:152797

TITLE: Preparation of isothiazolecarboxylic acid derivatives and their use as microbicides

INVENTOR(S): Kitagawa, Yoshinori; Ishikawa, Koichi; Sawada, Haruko; Araki, Yasuo; Assmann, Lutz

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Bayer Agrochem K. K., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 215 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

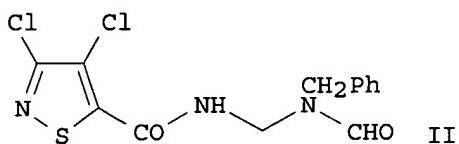
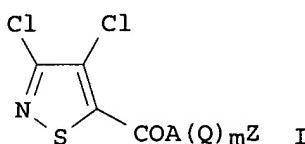
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2001055124 | A1 | 20010802 | WO 2001-EP682 | 20010123 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| JP 2001213869 | A2 | 20010807 | JP 2000-19920 | 20000128 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 2000-19920 | A 20000128 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | | MARPAT 135:152797 | | |
| GI | | | | |



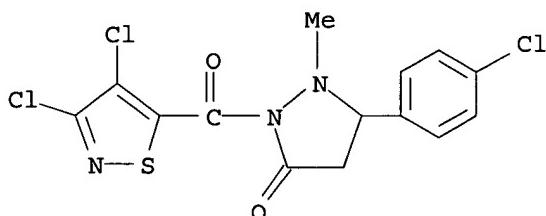
AB Title compds. [I; A = S, NR1; R1 = C1-4alkyl, C3-6cycloalkyl, Ph, HOCH₂CH₂; Q = CHR₂, NHCH:CR₃, C:NR₃; R2 = H, C1-4alkyl, C1-4haloalkyl, C7-9aralkyl, phenoxy, methoxy, or one nitrogen and one oxygen, or at least one nitrogen and one sulfur, NR₄R₅, OR₆, S(O)_n, P(:O)(OR₈)₂; R4 = H, C1-4alkyl, benzyl, Ph, tetrazol-5-yl-thiomethyl; R5 = formyl C1-4alkylcarbonyl, C1-4alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl; R6 = H, C1-4alkyl, C1-4haloalkyl, benzyl; R7 = C1-4alkyl, benzyl, Ph, tetrazol-5-yl, benzoyl; n = 0, 1, 2; R8 = C1-4alkyl,] are prep'd. as microbicides. Title compds. are mixed with extenders and/or surface-active agents in microboidal compns. and are applied to the microorganisms and/or to their habitat. Thus, the title compd. II was prep'd. and biol. tested for spray effect against Pyricularia oryzae in seedling of paddy rice.

IT 352283-38-6P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep'n. of isothiazolecarboxylic acid derivs. as microbicides)

RN 352283-38-6 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrazolidinone, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[(3,4-dichloro-5-isothiazolyl)carbonyl]-1-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:471183 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:226925

TITLE: The synthesis and pharmacological activities of 1-isopropyl-2-formyl-3-aminopyrazolidines

AUTHOR(S): Mel'nikova, L. F.; Zelenin, K. N.; Lesiovskaya, E. E.; Bezhan, I. P.; Chakchir, B. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: State Chemicopharmaceutical Academy, St. Petersburg, Russia

SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal (Translation of Khimiko-Farmatsevticheskii Zhurnal) (2000), 34(11), 582-584

PUBLISHER: CODEN: PCJOAU; ISSN: 0091-150X
Consultants Bureau

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:226925

AB Title compds. were prep'd. by amination of 1-isopropyl-2-formyl-3-

hydroxypyrazolidine with HNRR1 (R = Ph, C₆H₄OMe-4, C₆H₄NO₂-4, p-tolyl, C₆H₄CO₂Et-4, C₆H₄SO₂NH₂-4, CH₂Ph, R₁ = H; NRR1 = morpholino) in C₆H₆in 54-93% yields. Toxicity testing of the aminopyrazolidines showed that all except the compd. with NRR1 = NHC₆H₄NO₂-4 3 had lower toxicity than ref. compd. Butadione, so 3 was excluded from further study. All remaining compds. were tested for anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antihypoxic activities. Most showed some analgesic activities, though less than that of Analgin; compd. 8 (NRR1 = morpholino) had both significant antiinflammatory activity and antihypoxic activity nearly as effective as ref. compd. Gutimine.

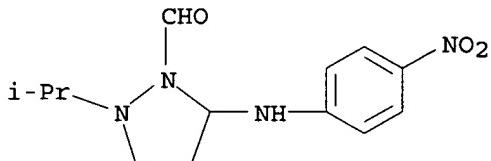
IT 358753-79-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepns. and toxicity of)

RN 358753-79-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxaldehyde, 2-(1-methylethyl)-5-[(4-nitrophenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:416942 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:19660

TITLE: Preparation of pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines as potassium channel inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Atwal, Karnail S.; Vaccaro, Wayne; Lloyd, John; Finlay, Heather; Yan, Lin; Bhandaru, Rao S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 298 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

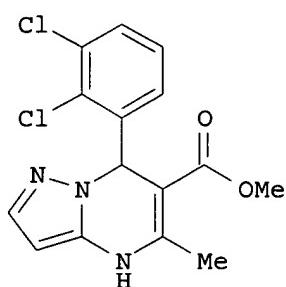
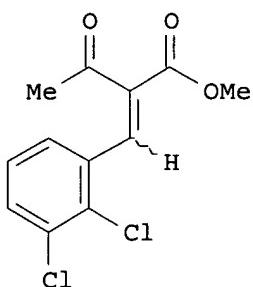
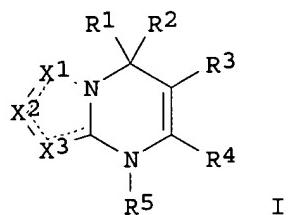
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2001040231 | A1 | 20010607 | WO 2000-US32785 | 20001204 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1999-169091P | P 19991206 |
| | | | US 2000-236037P | P 20000928 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:19660

GI



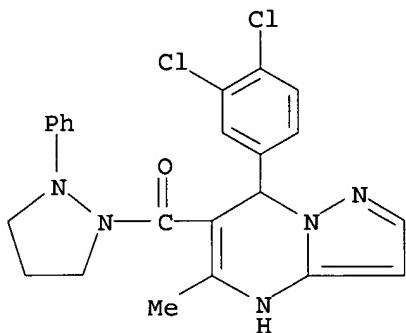
AB The title compds. [I; X1-X3 = N, NR₆, (CR₇)q, (CHR₇)q, CO; R1-R7 = (CH₂)_n(Z₁)_m(CH₂)_pZ₂; or R1-R5 may, in one or more pairs of two, together with the atoms to which they are bonded, form (un)substituted carbocyclic, heterocyclic group; or R6 and R7 may, together with the atoms to which they are bonded, form (un)substituted carbocyclic, heterocyclic group; Z₁ = O, S, CO, etc.; Z₂ = H, NO₂, halo, etc.; n, p = 0-10 (when m = 0, p is also 0); m = 0-1; q = 1-3], useful as inhibitors of potassium channel function (esp. inhibitors of the Kv1 subfamily of voltage gated K⁺ channels, esp. inhibitors Kv1.5 which has been linked to the ultra-rapidly activating delayed rectifier K⁺ current IKur) in the prevention and treatment of arrhythmia and IKur-assocd. conditions, were prep'd. Thus, reacting Me acetoacetate with 2,3-dichlorobenzaldehyde in the presence of piperidine and AcOH in PhMe followed by refluxing the resulting intermediate II with 3-aminopyrazole in 1-propanol afforded the title compd. III. The compds. I are effective at 0.001-100 mg/kg/day.

IT 343245-64-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); **BIO**L (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep. of pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines as potassium channel inhibitors)

RN 343245-64-7 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazolidine, 1-[(7-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,7-dihydro-5-methylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-yl)carbonyl]-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

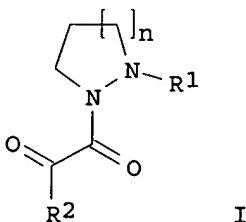


REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:380557 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:366884
 TITLE: Preparation of N-substituted cyclic aza compounds having neuronal activity
 INVENTOR(S): Wu, Yong-Qian; Huang, Wei; Hamilton, Gregory S.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): GPI Nil Holdings, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2001036388 | A1 | 20010525 | WO 2000-US23603 | 20000828 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 6417189 | B1 | 20020709 | US 2000-551618 | 20000417 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1999-164950P | P 19991112 |
| | | | US 2000-551618 | A 20000417 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:366884
 GI



I

AB The title compds. [I; n = 1-3; R1 = CR3, CO2R3, COR3, etc.; R2, R3 = H,

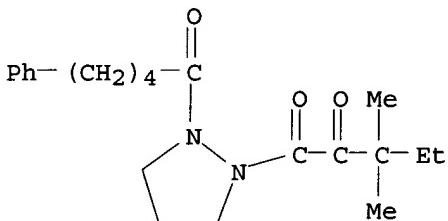
alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; X = O, S], useful for effecting neuronal activities, were prep'd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [n = 2; R1 = CO₂(CH₂)₄Ph; R2 = CMe₂Et; X = O] was described. Biol. data for compds. I (results of test for rotamase inhibition and MPTP model of Parkinson's disease) were given.

IT 340255-68-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep'n. of N-substituted cyclic aza compds. having neuronal activity)

RN 340255-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazolidine, 1-(3,3-dimethyl-1,2-dioxopentyl)-2-(1-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:375005 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:174862

TITLE: Tmolt4 leukemic type II isoform of IMP dehydrogenase as a target for 1,2,4-triazolidine-3,5-diones, 1-(1-(3-methylphenyl)ethylidineamino)-4,4-diethyl-3,5-azetidinediones, 3,5-isoxazolidinediones, and 4,4-disubstituted-3,5-pyrazolidinediones

AUTHOR(S): Hall, Iris H.; Barnes, Betty J.; Ward, E. Stacy; Wheaton, Jessica R.; Warren, Amy E.; Izzydore, Robert A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Medicinal Chemistry, School of Pharmacy, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27599-7360, USA

SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (2001), 334(4), 109-116

CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The 1,2,4-triazolidine-3,5-diones, 1-(1-(3-methylphenyl)ethylidineamino)-4,4-diethyl-3,5-azetidinediones, and 4,4-disubstituted-3,5-pyrazolidinediones proved to be potent competitive inhibitors of human Tmolt4 leukemia Type II IMP dehydrogenase [IMPDH] activity, an enzyme isoform which is induced in highly proliferating cells. On the other hand, the 3,5-isoxazolidinediones were shown to be uncompetitive inhibitors of Type II IMPDH activity. The correlation between inhibition of Type II IMPDH activity with the agents' ability to suppress DNA and purine syntheses in these Tmolt4 leukemia cell was pos. Type I IMPDH (i.e., the isoform that is present in normal cells) was not inhibited by these compds. suggesting that these agents would be less toxic to normal cells and have selective inhibition towards proliferating cells.

IT 62188-94-7

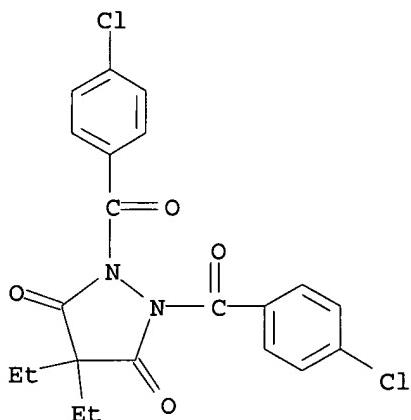
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological

study); USES (Uses)

(Tmolt4 leukemic type II isoform of IMP dehydrogenase as target for triazolidinediones, azetidinediones, isoxazolidinediones, and pyrazolidinediones)

RN 62188-94-7 CAPLUS

CN 3,5-Pyrazolidinedione, 1,2-bis(4-chlorobenzoyl)-4,4-diethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:729454 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:58883

TITLE: Anti-inflammatory activity of 2-acyl-5(3)-hydroxytetrahydro-1H-pyrazole derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Zelenin, Kirill N.; Bezhan, Irina P.; Pastushenkov, Leonid V.; Gromova, Eleonora G.; Lesiovskaja, Elena E.; Chakchir, Boris A.; Melnikova, Larisa F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry of Military Medical Academy, Department of Pharmacology of St. Petersburg Chemico-Pharmaceutical Academy, St. Petersburg, Russia

SOURCE: Arzneimittel-Forschung (1999), 49(10), 843-848

CODEN: ARZNAD; ISSN: 0004-4172

PUBLISHER: Editio Cantor Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

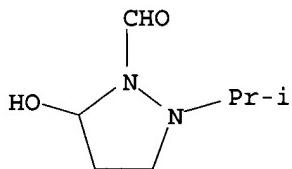
AB The anti-inflammatory effects of five pyrazolidine derivs. on white mice and lab. rats were studied using models of thermal aseptic inflammation and inflammation induced by injection of carrageein and histamine, as well as models of "cotton-ball granuloma" and epinephrine (adrenaline)-induced pulmonary edema. These effects were compared with those of the most commonly used non-steroid anti-inflammatory drugs, such as phenylbutazone (CAS 50-33-9) and diclofenac (CAS 15307-79-6). It was found that the pyrazolidine compds. studied induced a pronounced anti-inflammatory effect by inhibiting both the proliferative and exudative phases of inflammation. At the same time, as compared to natural nonsteroid anti-inflammatory drugs, these compds. had a lower toxicity and induced neither gastric ulcers nor suppression of hemopoiesis.

IT 124838-25-1P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or

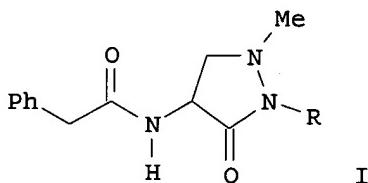
reagent); USES (Uses)
 (antiinflammatory activity of hydroxytetrahydro-1H-pyrazole derivs.:
 comparison with NSAIDs)

RN 124838-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxaldehyde, 5-hydroxy-2-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:536685 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:286441
 TITLE: Synthesis of pyrazolidinone antibacterial agents
 AUTHOR(S): Couloigner, Evanne; Cartier, Dominique; Labia, Roger
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chimie et Biologie de Substances Actives CNRS-UMR 175,
 Quimper, 29000, Fr.
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1999),
 9(15), 2205-2206
 CODEN: BMCL8; ISSN: 0960-894X
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



AB The monocyclic pyrazolidinones I (R = Bz, Ac, PhCH2CO, 4-HOC6H4CO, SO3-.Bu4N+) were prep'd. from serine Me ester hydrochloride via successive acylation with PhCH2COCl, dehydration, and cyclization with methylhydrazine to give I (R = H) which was acylated to give the N-substituted target compds. Some I showed moderate antibacterial activity against Micrococcus luteus and/or Staphylococcus aureus.

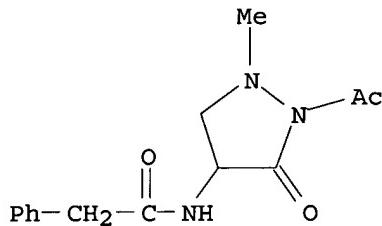
IT 246535-26-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prep'n. and bactericidal activity of phenylacetamidopyrazolidinones)

RN 246535-26-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, N-(2-acetyl-1-methyl-3-oxo-4-pyrazolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:506383 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:87992

TITLE: Hypolipidemic triazolidine-3,5-diones, 3,5-pyrazolidinediones, 3,5-isoxazolidinediones, 1,3,5-triazabicyclo[3.1.0.]hexane-2,4-diones as HMG-CoA reductase, ACAT, GPAT, and PP inhibitors and NCEH activators

AUTHOR(S): Hall, I. H.; Izzydore, R. A.; Barnes, Betsy Jo; Wang, Fei; Warren, Amy E.; Barnes, Cheryl R.; Coleman, Dwayne E.; White, Camille; Frazier, Felicia E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Medicinal Chemistry and Natural Products, School of Pharmacy, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27599-7360, USA

SOURCE: Recent Research Developments in Lipids Research (1997), 1, 297-304

CODEN: RRDPLF

PUBLISHER: Transworld Research Network

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

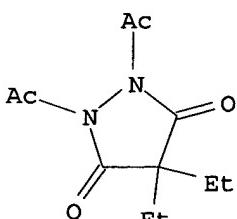
AB Selected 1,2,4-triazolidine-3,5-diones, 3,5-pyrazolidinediones, 3,5-isoxazolidinediones, and 1,3,5-triazabicyclo-[3.1.0.]hexane-2,4-diones substituted on the nitrogen(s) of the adjacent ring heteroatoms (NN or NO) with benzoyl, alkyl and 2- and 3-oxoalkyl groups demonstrated improved hypolipidemic activity over previously evaluated derivs. in each compd. class and were effective inhibitors of HMG-CoA reductase, ACAT, GPAT and PP activities while elevating NCEH activity. These agents markedly reduced rat VLDL- and LDL-cholesterol content and raised HDL-cholesterol content within 14 days at 8 mg/kg/day, orally.

IT 6495-44-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hypolipidemic triazolidine-3,5-diones and related compds.)

RN 6495-44-9 CAPLUS

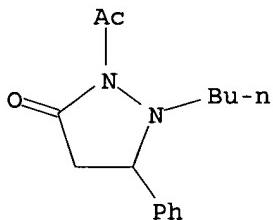
CN 3,5-Pyrazolidinedione, 1,2-diacetyl-4,4-diethyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:326306 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:31904
 TITLE: Synthesis and anticonvulsant activity of 2-substituted-1-butyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidinones
 AUTHOR(S): Quan, Zheshan; Li, Yuanchun; Yu, Xiumei; Zhao, Liming;
 Yin, Xiumei
 CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmacy, Yanbian University, Yanji,
 133000, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Yanbian Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (1999), 25(1),
 33-36
 CODEN: YXZKE8; ISSN: 1004-4353
 PUBLISHER: Yanbian Daxue Xuebao Bianjibu
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 AB Five 3-pyrazolidinones were synthesized, and their anticonvulsant activities were studied. The results showed that all of the compds. had good anticonvulsant activities, and the activity of 2-cinnamyl-1-butyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidinone was better than that of 1-butyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidinone.
 IT 227001-88-9P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and anticonvulsant activity of 2-substituted-1-butyl-5-phenyl-3-pyrazolidinones)
 RN 227001-88-9 CAPLUS
 CN 3-Pyrazolidinone, 2-acetyl-1-butyl-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 16 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:282093 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:282371
 TITLE: Preparation of azapeptide acids as cell adhesion inhibitors
 INVENTOR(S): Delaszlo, Stephen E.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9920272 | A1 | 19990429 | WO 1998-US22008 | 19981019 |
| W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, | | | | |

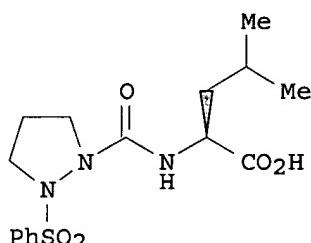
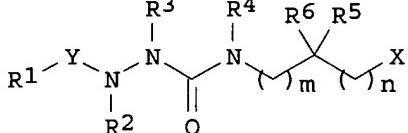
UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
 CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 6069163 A 20000530 US 1998-174631 19981016
 AU 9913614 A1 19990510 AU 1999-13614 19981019

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-62874P P 19971021
 US 1997-65763P P 19971117
 GB 1997-24874 A 19971126
 WO 1998-US22008 W 19981019

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 130:282371

GI



AB Azapeptide acids I [(un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, Cy, Cy-C1-10 alkyl, Cy-C2-10 alkenyl, Cy-C2-10 alkynyl; R2, R3 = independently H, any group R1; R2R3 form (un)substituted, optionally benzo-fused 4-7-membered heterocyclic ring; R5 = H, (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C1-10 alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-C1-10 alkyl; R6 = H, (un)substituted Ar1-Ar2-C1-10 alkyl, Ar1-Ar2-C2-10 alkenyl, Ar1-Ar2-C2-10 alkynyl, Ar1-C.tplbond.C-Ar2-C1-10 alkyl, Ar1-C2 alkenyl-Ar2-C1-10 alkyl, Ar1-Ar2, any group R1; X = CO2R8, P(O)(OR8)(OR9), SOMOR8, CONR9R10, 5-tetrazolyl, CONHSO2R11; R8, R9 = independently H, (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, Cy, Cy-C1-10 alkyl; R10 = H, (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, CN, aryl, , aryl-C1-10 alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-C1-10 alkyl, SO2R11; R11 = (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, aryl; Y = CO, O2C, NR9CO, SO2, P(O)(OR8), COCO; Cy = cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl; m = 0-2; n = 0-2], and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, are antagonists of VLA-4 and/or .alpha.4.beta.7, and as such are useful in the inhibition or prevention of cell adhesion and cell-adhesion mediated pathologies. These compds. may be formulated into pharmaceutical compns. and are suitable for use in the treatment of asthma, allergies, inflammation, multiple sclerosis, and other inflammatory and autoimmune disorders. Thus, sequential coupling of 1-(benzyloxycarbonyl)pyrazolidine (prepn. given) with triphosgene and L-leucine tert-Bu ester, followed by hydrogenolysis, sulfonylation with PhSO2Cl, and acidic deesterification, gave desired free azapeptide II.

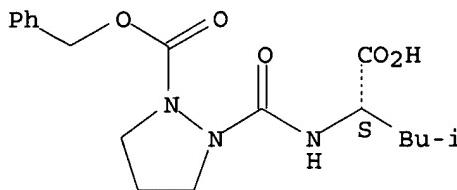
IT 222853-75-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); **BIO** (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of azapeptide acids as cell adhesion inhibitors)

RN 222853-75-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(1S)-1-carboxy-3-methylbutyl]amino]carbonyl]-, 1-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:816104 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:66484
 TITLE: Preparation of isoxazoline and isoxazole fibrinogen receptor antagonists
 INVENTOR(S): Wityak, John; Xue, Chu-Biao; Sielecki-Dzurdz, Thais Motria; Olson, Richard Eric; Degrado, William Frank; Cain, Gary Avonn; Batt, Douglas Guy; Pinto, Donald; Hussain, Munir Alwan; Mousa, Shaker Ahmed
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The DuPont Merck Pharmaceutical Company, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 153 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 337,920, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

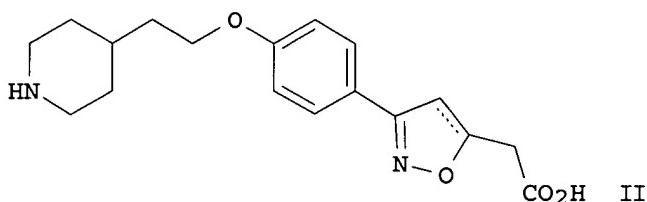
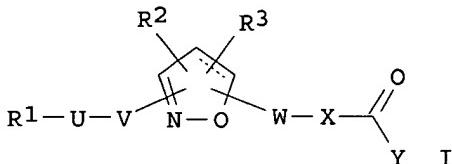
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 5849736 | A | 19981215 | US 1995-455436 | 19950531 |
| CA 2174838 | AA | 19950601 | CA 1994-2174838 | 19941114 |
| HU 74690 | A2 | 19970128 | HU 1996-1414 | 19941114 |
| EP 970950 | A2 | 20000112 | EP 1999-119541 | 19941114 |
| EP 970950 | A3 | 20000405 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE | | | | |
| ES 2154326 | T3 | 20010401 | ES 1995-901915 | 19941114 |
| IL 111721 | A1 | 20000601 | IL 1994-111721 | 19941121 |
| ZA 9409337 | A | 19960524 | ZA 1994-9337 | 19941124 |
| CA 2222147 | AA | 19961205 | CA 1996-2222147 | 19960530 |
| WO 9638426 | A1 | 19961205 | WO 1996-US7692 | 19960530 |
| W: AM, AT, AU, AZ, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LT, LU, LV, MD, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, UA, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE | | | | |
| AU 9660243 | A1 | 19961218 | AU 1996-60243 | 19960530 |
| AU 723577 | B2 | 20000831 | | |
| EP 832076 | A1 | 19980401 | EP 1996-917833 | 19960530 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI | | | | |
| CN 1202893 | A | 19981223 | CN 1996-195931 | 19960530 |
| JP 11504651 | T2 | 19990427 | JP 1996-536579 | 19960530 |
| BR 9609151 | A | 19990629 | BR 1996-9151 | 19960530 |
| ZA 9604486 | A | 19971201 | ZA 1996-4486 | 19960531 |
| LT 4416 | B | 19981228 | LT 1997-182 | 19971124 |
| US 6114328 | A | 20000905 | US 1997-978295 | 19971125 |
| LV 12046 | B | 19980920 | LV 1997-239 | 19971229 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1993-157598 | B2 19931124 |
| | | | US 1994-232961 | B2 19940422 |
| | | | US 1994-337920 | B2 19941110 |

US 1994-337929 A2 19941110
 EP 1995-901915 A3 19941114
 US 1995-455436 A 19950531
 WO 1996-US7692 W 19960530

OTHER SOURCE(S) :

MARPAT 130:66484

GI

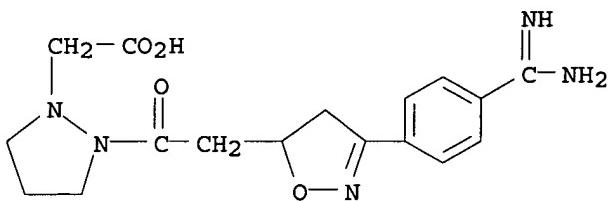


AB The invention relates to novel isoxazolines and isoxazoles which are useful as antagonists of the platelet glycoprotein IIb/IIIa fibrinogen receptor complex or the vitronectin receptor. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compns. contg. the compds., processes for prep. the compds., and to methods of using these compds., alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, for the inhibition of platelet aggregation, as thrombolytics, and/or for the treatment of thromboembolic disorders. Such disorders include restenosis, atherosclerosis, stroke, myocardial infarction, and unstable angina. In particular, title compds. I are claimed [wherein: R1 = a variety of cyclic and/or acyclic N-contg. groups; R2 = H, alk(en/yn)yl, alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, CO₂H or certain derivs.; R3 = H, OH, alk(en/yn)yl, alkoxy, alkoxy carbonyl, (un)substituted aryl or heterocycl, etc.; U = single bond, alk(en/yn)ylene; V = single bond, (un)substituted alk(en/yn)ylene, C₆H₄, pyridinediyl, pyridazinediyl; W = (un)substituted (CH₂)_nCONH or CONH(CH₂)_n; X = (un)substituted alkylene; Y = OH and derivs.]. For instance, 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde was etherified with 2-[N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidin-4-yl]ethanol by Mitsuncubu reaction (70%), followed by oximation of the aldehyde with NH₂OH (87%), chlorination of the oxime to give an oximinoyl chloride (52%), dipolar cycloaddn. of this with Me 3-butenoate (77%), sapon. of the Me ester (74%), and hydrolysis of the BOC group with CF₃CO₂H (TFA), to give title compd. II.TFA in 60% yield. II inhibited aggregation of human platelets in vitro, using a variety of agonists, with IC₅₀ of < 10 .μ.M.

IT

185968-96-1P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepns. of novel isoxazoline and isoxazole fibrinogen receptor antagonists)

RN 185968-96-1 CAPLUS**CN** 1-Pyrazolidineacetic acid, 2-[[3-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-5-isoxazolyl]acetyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 58 THERE ARE 58 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:424081 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:81623
 TITLE: Preparation of vinylpyrrolidine derivatives of cephalosporins with basic substituents
 INVENTOR(S): Angehrn, Peter; Hebeisen, Paul; Heinze-Krauss, Ingrid; Page, Malcolm; Runtz, Valerie
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 48 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| EP 849269 | A1 | 19980624 | EP 1997-121833 | 19971211 |
| EP 849269 | B1 | 20020710 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO | | | | |
| TW 415949 | B | 20001221 | TW 1997-86118048 | 19971201 |
| US 5981519 | A | 19991109 | US 1997-986549 | 19971208 |
| CA 2224438 | AA | 19980619 | CA 1997-2224438 | 19971210 |
| ZA 9711214 | A | 19980619 | ZA 1997-11214 | 19971212 |
| NO 9705901 | A | 19980622 | NO 1997-5901 | 19971216 |
| BR 9705650 | A | 19990525 | BR 1997-5650 | 19971217 |
| AU 9748463 | A1 | 19980625 | AU 1997-48463 | 19971218 |
| AU 729653 | B2 | 20010208 | | |
| CN 1188112 | A | 19980722 | CN 1997-120875 | 19971218 |
| JP 10182657 | A2 | 19980707 | JP 1997-350413 | 19971219 |
| JP 3264877 | B2 | 20020311 | | |
| JP 2002060390 | A2 | 20020226 | JP 2001-158260 | 19971219 |
| CN 1325850 | A | 20011212 | CN 2000-133764 | 20001103 |
| CN 1347882 | A | 20020508 | CN 2000-133761 | 20001103 |
| CN 1347883 | A | 20020508 | CN 2000-133762 | 20001103 |
| CN 1347884 | A | 20020508 | CN 2000-133763 | 20001103 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 1996-120472 | A 19961219 |
| | | | EP 1997-119528 | A 19971107 |
| | | | JP 1997-350413 | A3 19971219 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:81623
 GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The present invention relates to cephalosporin derivs. I [X = CH or N; R1 = H, cyclopentyl; R2 = N-(R4)-azetidin-3-yl, R8, N-(R4), N'-(R4) -

pyrazolidin-4-yl, (R)-N-(R4)-pyrrolidin-3-yl, (S)-N-(R4)-pyrrolidin-3-yl, (N-R4-azetidin-3-yl)methyl, R9, (N-R4,N'-R4-pyrazolidin-4-yl)methyl, (N-R4-piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(4-R4-piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, (N-R4-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, CH₂C(NHR4):NH, CH₂CH₂NR4R7; R3 = H, alkali metal ion, tertiary ammonium group; R4 = H, amino protecting group, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, (azetidin-3-yl)methyl, iminomethyl, 1-carbamimidoyl; R5 = H, dialkylcarbamoyl, .omega.-hydroxyalkyl, .omega.-aminoalkyl, (pyridinium-1-yl)methyl, 1-hydroxy-3-aminomethyl-Pr or (hydroxy)(pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl; R6 = H, trifluoromethyl or hydroxy; and R7 = alkyl, .omega.-hydroxy-alkyl, cycloalkyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 3-azetidinyl, iminomethyl, 1-carbamimidoyl] as well as readily hydrolyzable esters thereof, pharmaceutically acceptable salts of said compds. and hydrates of the aforementioned compds., to the manuf. of said compds. and to their use as pharmaceutically active substances, particularly for the treatment and prophylaxis of infectious diseases. Thus, II was prep'd. via N-acylation of the trifluoroacetate of cephem III with iminothioacetate IV followed by deprotection. II was active in vitro [MIC = 0.5 .mu.g/mL vs. S. aureus 6538 (MSSA); MIC = 2 .mu.g/mL vs. S. aureus 743 (MRSA); MIC = 2 .mu.g/mL vs. S. aureus 270A (MRSA); MIC = 2 .mu.g/mL vs. P. aeruginosa ATCC27853] and in vivo [median log CFU = 4.72 in mice infected with S. aureus 270A (MRSA)].

IT

209467-97-0P

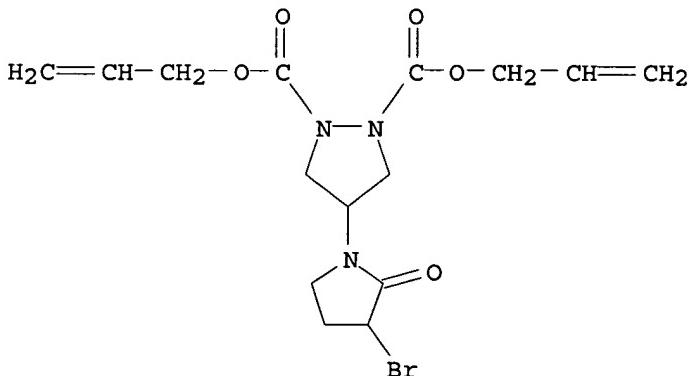
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of vinylpyrrolidine derivs. of cephalosporins for treatment and prophylaxis of infectious diseases)

RN

209467-97-0 CAPLUS

CN

1,2-Pyrazolidinedicarboxylic acid, 4-(3-bromo-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-, di-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 19 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:235664 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:13872

TITLE: Influence of the amino acid sequence on the MUC5AC motif peptide O-glycosylation by human gastric UDP-GalNAc: polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase(s)

AUTHOR(S): Hennebicq, Sylviane; Tetaert, Daniel; Soudan, Benoit; Boersma, Arnold; Briand, Gilbert; Richet, Colette; Gagnon, Jean; Degand, Pierre

CORPORATE SOURCE: Unite INSERM N.degree. 377, Lille, 59045, Fr.

SOURCE: Glycoconjugate Journal (1998), 15(3), 275-282

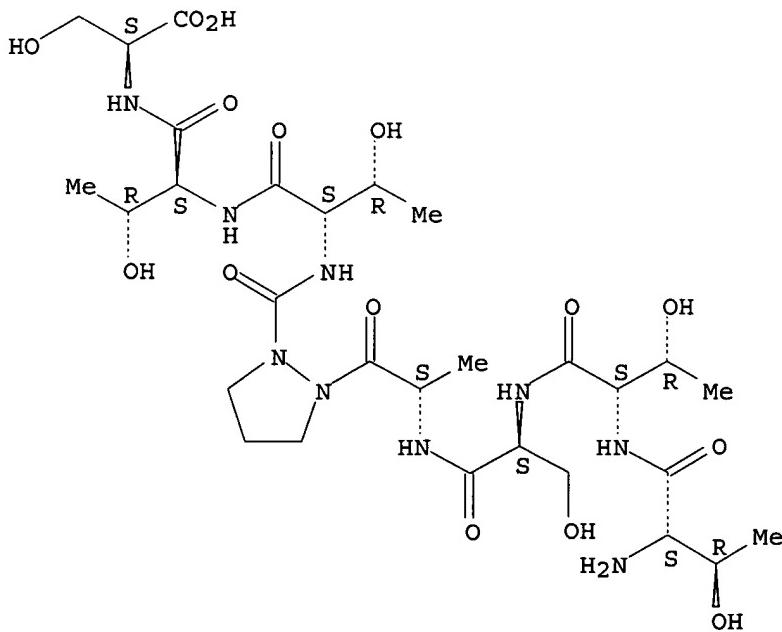
CODEN: GLJOEW; ISSN: 0282-0080

PUBLISHER: Chapman & Hall
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The present work was carried out to study the role of the peptide moiety in the addn. of O-linked N-acetylgalactosamine to human apomucin using human crude microsomal homogenates from gastric mucosa (as enzyme source) and a series of peptide acceptors representative of tandem repeat domains deduced from the MUC5AC mucin gene (expressed in the gastric mucosa). Being rich in threonine and serine placed in clusters, these peptides provided several potential sites for O-glycosylation. The glycosylated products were analyzed by a combination of electrospray mass spectrometry and capillary electrophoresis to isolate the glycopeptides and to det. their sequence by Edman degrdn. The O-glycosylation of the authors' MUC5AC motif peptides gave information on the specificity and activity of the gastric microsomal UDP-N-acetylgalactosamine: polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase(s). The proline residues and the induced-conformations are of great importance for the recognition of MUC5AC peptides but they are not the only factors for the choice of the O-glycosylation sites. Moreover, for the di-glycosylated peptides, the flanking regions of the proline residues strongly influence the site of the second O-glycosylation.

IT 202869-27-0
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (influence of the amino acid sequence on the MUC5AC motif peptide
 O-glycosylation by human gastric UDP-GalNAc polypeptide
 N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase)
 RN 202869-27-0 CAPLUS
 CN L-Serine, L-threonyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-2-azaprolyl-L-threonyl-L-threonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 20 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:119586 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:212663
 TITLE: Dihydropyrancarboxamides Related to Zanamivir: A New Series of Inhibitors of Influenza Virus Sialidases. 1.

Discovery, Synthesis, Biological Activity, and
Structure-Activity Relationships of 4-Guanidino- and
4-Amino-4H-pyran-6-carboxamides

AUTHOR(S) : Smith, Paul W.; Sollis, Steven L.; Howes, Peter D.; Cherry, Peter C.; Starkey, Ian D.; Cobley, Kevin N.; Weston, Helen; Scicinski, Jan; Merritt, Andrew; Whittington, Andrew; Wyatt, Paul; Taylor, Neil; Green, Darren; Bethell, Richard; Madar, Safia; Fenton, Robert J.; Morley, Peter J.; Pateman, Tony; Beresford, Alan
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Enzyme Medicinal Chemistry Core Combinatorial Group, Glaxo Wellcome Research and Development Limited Medicines Research Centre, Stevenage /Herts, SG1 2NY, UK
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 41(6), 787-797
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

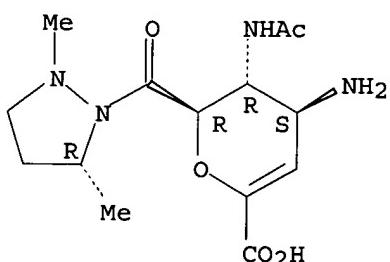
AB 4-Amino- and 4-guanidino-4H-pyran-6-carboxamides related to zanamivir (GG167) are a new class of inhibitors of influenza virus sialidases. Structure-activity studies reveal that, in general, secondary amides are weak inhibitors of both influenza A and B viral sialidases. However, tertiary amides, which contain one or more small alkyl groups, show much greater inhibitory activity, particularly against the influenza A virus enzyme. The sialidase inhibitory activities of these compds. correlate well with their in vitro antiviral efficacy, and several of the most potent analogs displayed useful antiviral activity in vivo when evaluated in a mouse model of influenza A virus infection. Carboxamides which were highly active sialidase inhibitors in vitro also showed good antiviral activity in the mouse efficacy model of influenza A infection when administered intranasally but displayed modest activity when delivered by the i.p. route.

IT 204197-10-4P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and biol. activity and structure-activity relationships of guanidino- and amino-pyrancarboxamides related to zanamivir as influenza virus sialidase inhibitors)

RN 204197-10-4 CAPLUS

CN L-arabino-Hept-2-enonic acid, 5-(acetylamino)-4-amino-2,6-anhydro-3,4,5,7-tetradeoxy-7-[(5R)-2,5-dimethyl-1-pyrazolidinyl]-7-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 21 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:81904 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:167693

TITLE: Conformational disturbance induced by AzPro/Pro substitution in peptides

AUTHOR(S): Bac, Alain; Rivoal, Katell; Cung, Manh Thong;
 Boussard, Guy; Marraud, Michel; Soudan, Benoit;
 Tetaert, Daniel; Degand, Pierre
 CORPORATE SOURCE: lab. Chimie Physique Macromoleculaire, ENSIC-INPL,
 Nancy, F-54001, Fr.
 SOURCE: Letters in Peptide Science (1997), 4(4/5/6), 251-258
 CODEN: LPSCEM; ISSN: 0929-5666
 PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic Publishers
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Consequences inherent to the substitution of aza-proline (AzPro) for proline in the octapeptide H-Thr-Thr-Ser-Ala-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ser-OH, representative of the tandem repeat motif present in the peptide backbone of MUC5AC mucin, were analyzed in terms of conformational perturbation and O-glycosylation aptitude. In DMSO soln., the same tendency previously noted in AzPro-tripeptide models was obsd., i.e. AzPro prevents .beta.-turn formation in which it would occupy the i+1 position, and therefore behaves quite opposite to Pro, whereas both AzPro and Pro can support a .beta.-turn in the i+2 position with a cis disposition of the preceding tertiary amide function. The former structural modifications do not prevent O-glycosylation to take place at the same specific site, but it occurs at a reduced rate.

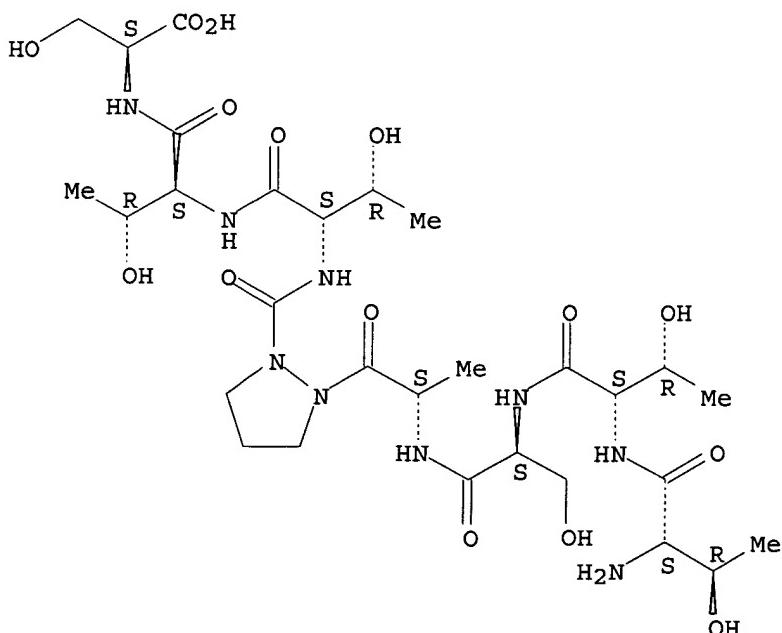
IT 202869-27-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (effect of peptide azaproline substitution on .beta.-turn conformational preferences and glycosylation)

RN 202869-27-0 CAPLUS

CN L-Serine, L-threonyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-2-azaprolyl-L-threonyl-L-threonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

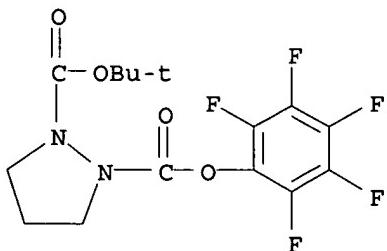


L4 ANSWER 22 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:640839 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:278468
 TITLE: Azatide peptidomimetics

INVENTOR(S) : Janda, Kim D.; Han, Hyunsoo
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Scripps Research Institute, USA; Janda, Kim D.; Han, Hyunsoo
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|--|-----------------|------------|
| WO 9735199 | A1 | 19970925 | WO 1997-US4963 | 19970320 |
| | W: | AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | |
| | RW: | GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | |
| AU 9723473 | A1 | 19971010 | AU 1997-23473 | 19970320 |
| AU 731387 | B2 | 20010329 | | |
| EP 888543 | A1 | 19990107 | EP 1997-916241 | 19970320 |
| | R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1996-13822P | P 19960320 |
| | | | WO 1997-US4963 | W 19970320 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:278468
 AB Peptidomimetic azatides (aza-amino acids) and combinatorial oligoazatide libraries are produced by means of a stepwise synthesis. Thus, Tyra-Glya-Glya-Phe-Leua.2CF₃CO₂H (superscript a refers to an aza-amino acid linkage) was prep'd. and studied in competition ELISA for anti-.beta.-endorphin monoclonal antibody.
 IT 196873-66-2P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (azatide peptidomimetics)
 RN 196873-66-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Pyrazolidinedicarboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl pentafluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 23 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:116093 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:144540
 TITLE: Chemotactic peptide analogs. Centrally constrained chemotactic N-formyltripeptides. Synthesis, conformation, and activity of two new analogs
 AUTHOR(S): Pagani Zecchini, Giampiero; Paglialunga Paradisi, Mario; Torrini, Ines; Lucente, Gino; Mastropietro,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Gaia; Paci, Maurizio; Spisani, Susanna
 Centro Studio Chimica Farmaco, Universita "La
 Sapienza", Rome, I-00185, Italy

SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1996),
 329(12), 517-523

PUBLISHER: VCH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The fMLP-OMe analogs HCO-Met-azaPro-Phe-OMe (I) and HCO-Met-(.gamma.-lactam)-Phe-OMe (II) were synthesized and their CDCl₃ soln. conformation and biol. activity were studied. The azapeptide I adopts .beta.-folded conformation with the azaPro residue at the i+2 position and an intramol. H bond involving the formylic O and the Phe NH. The .gamma.-lactam tripeptide II prefers a semi-extended backbone conformation. When tested on human neutrophils both the models were devoid of biol. activity. The role extended by the NH groups as well as by the conformational preferences is discussed.

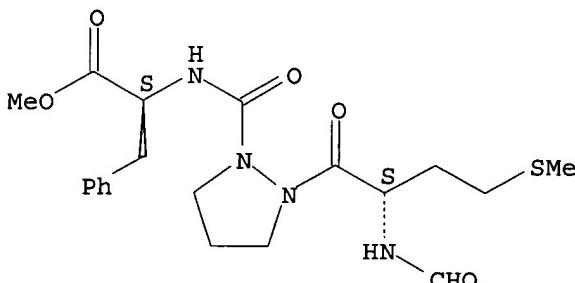
IT 186696-50-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
BIO (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis and conformation of fMLP analogs without chemotactic activity)

RN 186696-50-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-formyl-L-methionyl-2-azaprolyl-, methyl ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L4 ANSWER 24 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:105201 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:117965

TITLE: Preparation of novel isoxazoline and isoxazole fibrinogen receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Wityak, John; Cain, Gary Avonn; Batt, Douglas Guy;
 Pinto, Donald; Hussain, Munir Alwan; Xue, Chu-Biao;
 Sielecki-Dzurdz, Thais Motria; Olson, Richard Eric;
 Degrado, William Frank; Mousa, Shaker Ahmed

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Du Pont Merck Pharmaceutical Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 412 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9638426 | A1 | 19961205 | WO 1996-US7692 | 19960530 |

W: AM, AT, AU, AZ, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB,
 HU, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LT, LU, LV, MD, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
 SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, UA, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

US 5849736 A 19981215 US 1995-455436 19950531

AU 9660243 A1 19961218 AU 1996-60243 19960530

AU 723577 B2 20000831

EP 832076 A1 19980401 EP 1996-917833 19960530

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, FI

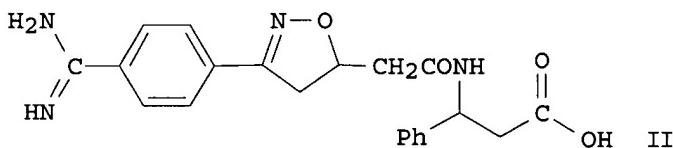
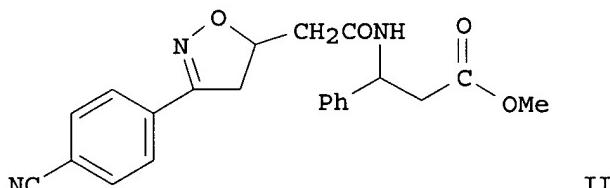
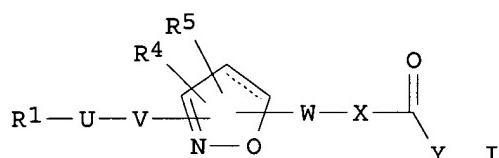
JP 11504651 T2 19990427 JP 1996-536579 19960530

BR 9609151 A 19990629 BR 1996-9151 19960530

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-455436 A 19950531
 US 1993-157598 B2 19931124
 US 1994-232961 B2 19940422
 US 1994-337920 B2 19941110
 WO 1996-US7692 W 19960530

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 126:117965

GI



AB The title compds. [I; R1 = R2NR3(CH₂)_qZ- (wherein R2, R3 = H, C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, etc.; Z O, S, SO, SO₂, etc.; q = 2-7), piperazinyl(CH₂)_qZ-, etc.; U = a single bond, C₁₋₇ alkyl, C₂₋₇ alkenyl, etc.; V = a single bond, (un)substituted C₁₋₇ alkyl, etc.; W = a single bond, C₁₋₇ alkyl, C₂₋₇ alkenyl, etc.; X = a single bond, (un)substituted C₁₋₇ alkyl, etc.; Y = OH, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, etc.; R4 = H, C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₂₋₁₀ alkenyl, etc.; R5 = H, (un)substituted C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₂₋₁₀ alkenyl, etc.], useful alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, for the inhibition of platelet aggregation, as thrombolytics, and/or for the treatment of thromboembolic disorders selected from, e.g. restenosis, atherosclerosis, stroke, myocardial infarction, and unstable angina, were prep'd. and formulated. Thus, reaction of Me 3-(3-butenoyl)amino-3-phenylpropionate with 4-cyanobenzaldoxime in CH₂Cl₂ in the presence of 5% NaOCl (aq.) followed by treatment of the intermediate II in 10% DCM/MeOH with gaseous HCl, addn. of (NH₄)₂CO₃ to the crude imidate in MeOH, and sapon. afforded III which showed IC₅₀ of <10 .mu.M against platelet aggregation. Compds. I

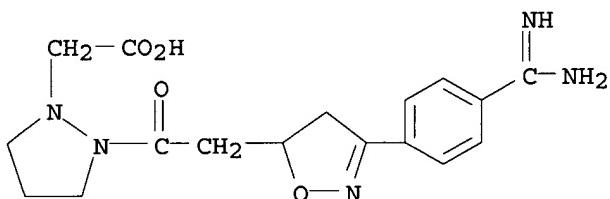
are useful also for treating rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, allergies, organ transplantation rejection, septic shock, psoriasis, contact dermatitis, osteoporosis, osteoarthritis, tumor metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, and inflammatory conditions.

IT 185968-96-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep. of novel isoxazoline and isoxazole fibrinogen-receptor antagonists)

RN 185968-96-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidineacetic acid, 2-[[3-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-5-isoxazolyl]acetyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 25 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:262052 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:289554

TITLE: Preparation of 5-oxo-2-tetrazoline-1-carboxamides as herbicides

INVENTOR(S): Goto, Toshio; Moriya, Koichi; Maurer, Fritz; Ito, Seishi; Wada, Katsuaki; Ukawa, Katuzhiko; Watanabe, Ryo; Ito, Asami; Minegishi, Natsuko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Bayer Agrochem K.K., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

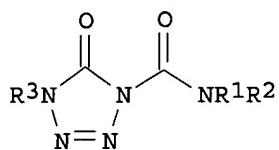
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 695748 | A1 | 19960207 | EP 1995-111582 | 19950724 |
| EP 695748 | B1 | 19990506 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 08099975 | A2 | 19960416 | JP 1995-68837 | 19950303 |
| AT 179707 | E | 19990515 | AT 1995-111582 | 19950724 |
| ES 2133622 | T3 | 19990916 | ES 1995-111582 | 19950724 |
| US 5589439 | A | 19961231 | US 1995-508776 | 19950728 |
| CN 1122333 | A | 19960515 | CN 1995-115848 | 19950804 |
| CN 1058490 | B | 20001115 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1994-202919 | A 19940805 |
| | | | JP 1995-68837 | A 19950303 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:289554

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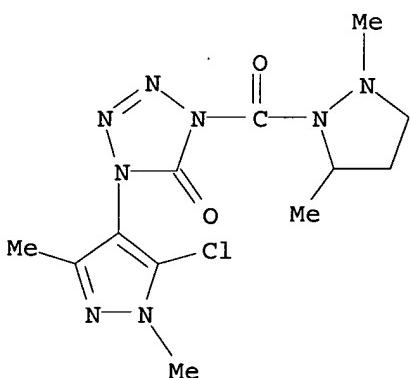
AB Title compds. [I; R₁,R₂ = (halo)alk(en)yl, alkoxy, Ph, etc.; NR₁R₂ = 5-membered heterocycl] were prep'd. Thus, I (R₁ = R₂ = Et, R₃ = 5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-4-pyrazolyl) gave complete control of barnyard grass and wild amaranthus at 1.0kg/ha preemergent.

IT 175904-71-9P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of 5-oxo-2-tetrazoline-1-carboxamides as herbicides)

RN 175904-71-9 CAPLUS

CN 5H-Tetrazol-5-one, 1-(5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-4-[(2,5-dimethyl-1-pyrazolidinyl)carbonyl]-1,4-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 26 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:12189 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:176927

TITLE: Synthesis and evaluation of azaproline peptides as potential inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV and prolyl oligopeptidase

AUTHOR(S): Borloo, Marianne; Augustyns, Koen; Belyaev, Alexander; de Meester, Ingrid; Lambeir, Anne-Marie; Goossens, Filip; Bollaert, Willy; Rajan, Padinchare; Scharpe, Simon; Haemers, Achiel

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm. Sci., Univ. Antwerp, Antwerp, B-2610, Belg.

SOURCE: Lett. Pept. Sci. (1995), 2(3/4), 198-202
CODEN: LPSCEM; ISSN: 0929-5666

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB A series of azaproline dipeptides with various N-substituents were synthesized as possible active-site-directed inhibitors of two proline-sp. serine proteases, dipeptidyl peptidase IV and prolyl oligopeptidase. Compds. with semicarbazide, carbazole, acylhydrazine and sulfonylhydrazine structures were tested. Some compds. show moderate activity, i.e., in the millimolar range.

IT 174089-32-8P

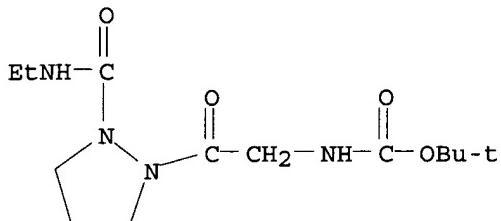
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);

**BIO_L (Biological study); BIO_L (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation)**

(prep. of azaproline peptides as dipeptidyl peptidase IV and prolyl oligopeptidase inhibitors)

RN 174089-32-8 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[2-[(ethylamino)carbonyl]-1-pyrazolidinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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L4 ANSWER 27 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:997019 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:146148

TITLE: Preparation of tetrahydropyrazolecarboxanilides and related compounds as pesticides.

INVENTOR(S): Fuchs, Rainer; Erdelen, Christoph; Turberg, Andreas; Mencke, Norbert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 36 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

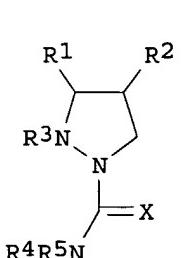
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 4416112 | A1 | 19951109 | DE 1994-4416112 | 19940506 |
| WO 9530657 | A1 | 19951116 | WO 1995-EP1537 | 19950424 |
| W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LK, MX, NO,
NZ, PL, RO, RU, SK, UA, US | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 9523460 | A1 | 19951129 | AU 1995-23460 | 19950424 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | DE 1994-4416112 | 19940506 | |
| | | WO 1995-EP1537 | 19950424 | |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:146148

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AB Title compds. [I; R1 = (substituted) aryl, heteroaryl; R2 = (substituted) (benzanellated) 5-6 membered heterocycl; R3, R4 = H, (halo-substituted)

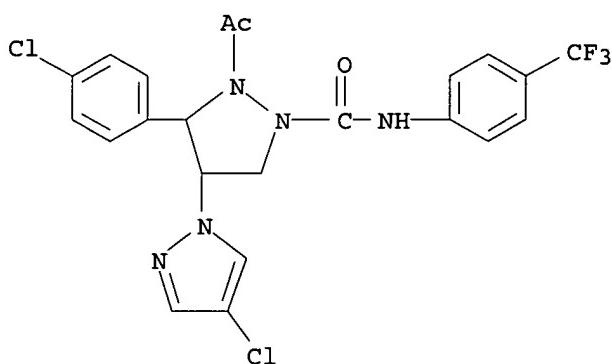
alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl; R3R4 = CHR6, COCHR6, CO, COCO; R6 = H, alkyl; R5 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, (substituted) Ph], were prep'd. Thus, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1H-4-chloropyrazol-1-yl)-4,5-dihydro-1-pyrazolecarboxylic acid 4-trifluoromethoxyanilide in THF was treated with diisobutylaluminum hydride in hexane at -70.degree. to room temp. to give a cis/trans mixt. of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1H-4-chloropyrazol-1-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1-pyrazolecarboxylic acid 4-trifluoromethoxyanilide. The latter at 1000 ppm on filter paper gave a 100% kill of Blatella germanica and Periplaneta americana.

IT 173089-54-8P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of tetrahydropyrazoles as pesticides)

RN 173089-54-8 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 2-acetyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chloro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 28 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:890010 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:313949

TITLE: Pyrazolidinone CCK and gastrin antagonists and pharmaceutical formulations thereof

INVENTOR(S): Greenwood, Beverley; Helton, David R.; Howbert, J. Jeffry; Mitan, Steven J.; Rasmussen, Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly, Eli, and Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 37 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,300,519.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

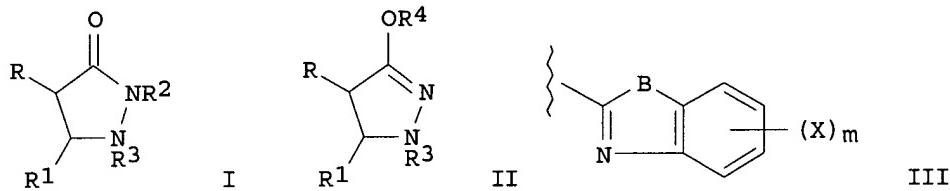
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 5399565 | A | 19950321 | US 1993-151608 | 19931112 |
| US 5300514 | A | 19940405 | US 1993-33737 | 19930318 |
| US 5643926 | A | 19970701 | US 1994-183465 | 19940119 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1990-553489 | 19900717 |
| | | | US 1991-737624 | 19910730 |
| | | | US 1992-982257 | 19921125 |
| | | | US 1993-33737 | 19930318 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:313949
GI



AB Novel substituted pyrazolidinones I or II [R and R1 are independently hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, Ph, benzyl, naphthyl, pyridyl or substituted Ph having 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of, e.g., C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, C1-C6 alkylthio; R2 is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, carboxymethyl, C1-C4 alkoxy carbonylmethyl or a group of the formula CO(A)tY wherein t is 1 or 0; A is CH₂, O, NH or N(C1-C6 alkyl); and Y is Ph or substituted Ph as defined above; R4 is C1-C6 alkyl, carboxymethyl, or C1-C4 alkoxy carbonylmethyl; R3 is hydrogen or a group of the formula III or C(:B)(Q)nR5 wherein B is O or S; X is selected from the Ph substituents defined above; m is 0, 1 or 2; n is 0 or 1; Q is NH, N(C1-C6 alkyl), S, or O; and R5 is a group of the formula [CH(R6)]_q(CH₂)_rR7 wherein R6 is hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl; q is 0 or 1; r is 0, 1 or 2; and R7 is hydrogen, C1-C8 alkyl, C3-C8 cycloalkyl, pentafluorophenyl, pyridyl, tetrahydro-naphthyl, indolyl, quinolinyl, Ph, naphthyl, or Ph or naphthyl substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents] have been found to exhibit significant binding to cholecystokinin (CCK) receptors and gastrin receptors in the brain and/or peripheral sites such as the pancreas, stomach, and ileum. The pyrazolidinones are CCK and gastrin receptor antagonists and find therapeutic application in the treatment of gastrointestinal disorders, central nervous system disorders and for appetite regulation in warm-blood vertebrates. Pharmaceutical formulations for such indications are described. Thus, e.g., reaction of 4,5-diphenyl-3-pyrazolidinone with 4-chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl isocyanate afforded 85% 1-[(4-chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl)aminocarbonyl]-4,5-diphenyl-3-pyrazolidinone I (R₃ = 4-Cl-3-CF₃C₆H₃NHCO, R = R₁ = Ph, R₂ = H) which was evaluated for CCK and gastrin receptor binding: IC₅₀ (.μ.M) for CCK receptor binding in brain and pancreas = 0.022 and 0.19, resp.; IC₅₀ (.μ.M) for gastrin receptor binding = 0.15.

IT 169671-89-0P

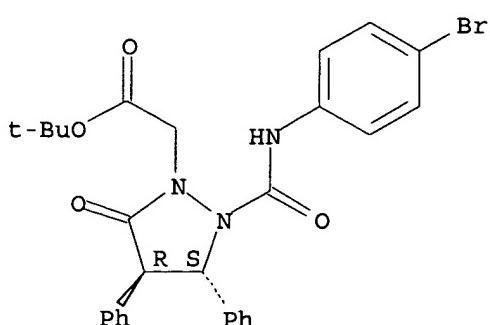
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of pyrazolidinones as CCK and gastrin receptor antagonists)

RN 169671-89-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidineacetic acid, 2-[[[4-bromophenyl)amino]carbonyl]-5-oxo-3,4-diphenyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 29 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:819749 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:275621
 TITLE: Pulmonary antiallergic and antiinflammatory effects of a novel, orally-active phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor (WAY-127093B) in guinea pigs and rats
 AUTHOR(S): Howell, R. E.; Woepel, S. L.; Howell, D. E.; Rubin, E. B.; Jenkins, L. P.; Golankiewicz, J. M.; Lombardo, L. J.; Heaslip, R. J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Wyeth-Ayerst Research, Princeton, NJ, 08543-8000, USA
 SOURCE: Inflammation Res. (1995), 44(Suppl. 2), S172-S173
 CODEN: INREFB; ISSN: 1023-3830
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB WAY-127093B was less potent than rolipram but more potent than aminophylline in inhibiting antigen-induced bronchoconstriction in guinea pigs. It was more potent than rolipram in inhibiting antigen-induced airway eosinophilia in guinea pigs. It was as effective as rolipram and more potent than aminophylline in inhibiting antigen-induced airway eosinophilia in Brown Norway rats. In conclusion, WAY-127093B is a very potent and selective phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor with sufficient oral potency and efficacy in several animal models of asthma to suggest usefulness for the treatment of asthma.

IT 169626-45-3, WAY 127093B

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pulmonary antiallergic and antiinflammatory effects of phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor WAY-127093B)

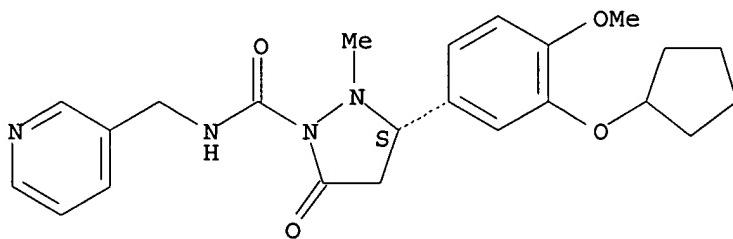
RN 169626-45-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 3-[3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl]-2-methyl-5-oxo-N-(3-pyridinylmethyl)-, (3S)-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 169626-44-2
 CMF C23 H28 N4 O4
 CDES 1:S

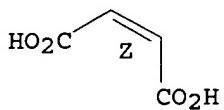
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 110-16-7
 CMF C4 H4 O4
 CDES 2:Z

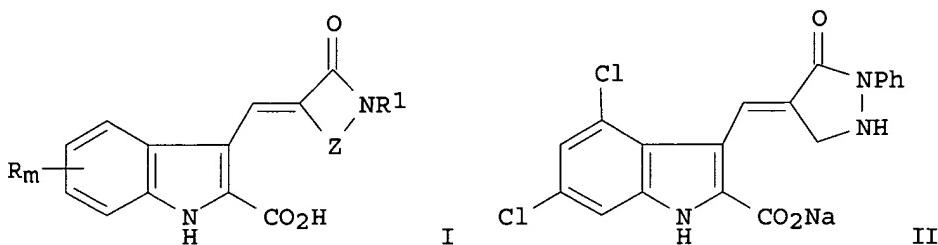
Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 30 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:758721 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:143635
 TITLE: Preparation of 3-(azaoxocycloalkylidenemethyl)indole-2-carboxylates as NMDA antagonists
 INVENTOR(S): Cugola, Alfredo; Di Fabio, Romano; Pentassuglia, Giorgio
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo SPA, Italy
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 9510517 | A1 | 19950420 | WO 1994-EP3359 | 19941012 |
| W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ | | | | |
| RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| CA 2171449 | AA | 19950420 | CA 1994-2171449 | 19941012 |
| AU 9478133 | A1 | 19950504 | AU 1994-78133 | 19941012 |
| AU 681194 | B2 | 19970821 | | |
| ZA 9407948 | A | 19950523 | ZA 1994-7948 | 19941012 |
| EP 723541 | A1 | 19960731 | EP 1994-928893 | 19941012 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE | | | | |
| CN 1133042 | A | 19961009 | CN 1994-193759 | 19941012 |
| CN 1070490 | B | 20010905 | | |
| JP 09503770 | T2 | 19970415 | JP 1994-511283 | 19941012 |
| HU 76065 | A2 | 19970630 | HU 1996-969 | 19941012 |
| HU 219710 | B | 20010628 | | |
| RU 2144535 | C1 | 20000120 | RU 1996-108920 | 19941012 |
| PL 179568 | B1 | 20000929 | PL 1994-313969 | 19941012 |
| IL 111294 | A1 | 19981206 | IL 1994-111294 | 19941013 |
| US 5760059 | A | 19980602 | US 1996-619510 | 19960329 |
| FI 9601628 | A | 19960412 | FI 1996-1628 | 19960412 |
| NO 9601475 | A | 19960412 | NO 1996-1475 | 19960412 |
| US 5962496 | A | 19991005 | US 1998-86522 | 19980529 |
| US 6100289 | A | 20000808 | US 1999-374982 | 19990816 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | GB 1993-21221 | A 19931014 |
| | | | WO 1994-EP3359 | W 19941012 |
| | | | US 1996-619510 | A1 19960329 |
| | | | US 1998-86522 | A1 19980529 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:143635
 GI



AB Title compds. [I; R = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, NH₂, etc.; R₁ = (bridged)cycloalkyl, -heterocyclyl, Ph, etc.; Z = alkylene, (CH₂)_pY(CH₂)_q; Y = O, SOO-2, NR₃; R₃ = H, alkyl, N-protective group; m = 0-2; p,q = 0-3; p+q = 1-3] were prep'd. Thus, 3,5-Cl₂C₆H₃NHNH₂ was condensed with MeCOCO₂Et and the product cyclized to give, after formylation and N-protection, Et 4,6-dichloro-3-formyl-1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1H-indole-2-carboxylate which was condensed with 1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-2-phenylpyrazolidin-3-one to give, in 2 addnl. steps, title compd. II. The latter had ED₅₀ of 1.70mg/kg orally for inhibition of NMDA-induced convulsions in mice.

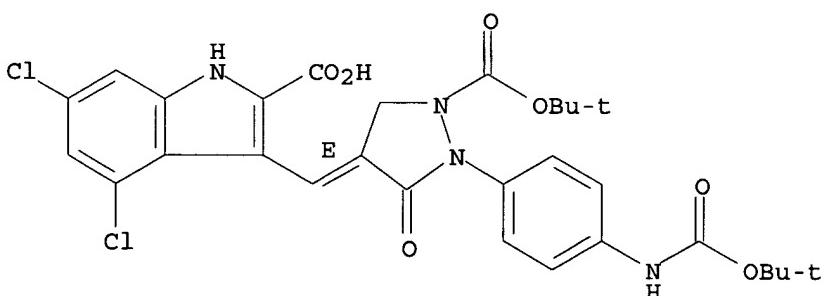
IT 166974-29-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep. of 3-(azaoxocycloalkylenemethyl)indole-2-carboxylates as NMDA antagonists)

RN 166974-29-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 4,6-dichloro-3-[[1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-2-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]phenyl]-3-oxo-4-pyrazolidinylidene]methyl]-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 31 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:625462 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:74308

TITLE: The cytotoxic activity of 1-acyl- and

1,2-diacyl-4,4-diethyl-3,5-pyrazolidinediones

Hall, Iris H.; Izzydore, Robert A.; Vital, Tywanna S.; Chen, S. Y.; Miller, Merril C. III; Bernal-Ramirez, Juan A.; Okwisa, Winfred A.; Rajendran, K. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: School Pharmacy, University North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27599-7360, USA

SOURCE: Anticancer Res. (1995), 15(1), 199-204

CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The 1-acyl- and 1,2-diacyl-4,4-diethyl-3,5-pyrazolidinediones proved to be cytotoxic against the growth of a no. of cell lines, including murine and human leukemias, HeLa suspended carcinoma, colon adenocarcinoma SW480, KB nasopharynx and glioma tumors. Selected compds. were also active in the human lung bronchogenic MB-9812, and osteosarcoma TE418 screens. These derivs. were active in vivo in the Ehrlich ascites carcinoma screen in CF-1 mice at 8 mg/kg/day i.p. The mode of action in Tmolt3 leukemia cells showed that the compds. reduced de novo synthesis of purines and pyrimidines and inhibited dihydrofolate reductase and ribonucleoside reductase activities. The DNA mol. was not a target although limited DNA strand scission may be possible.

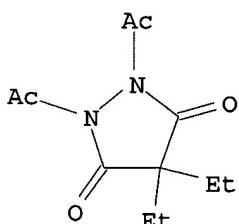
IT 6495-44-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
(**Biological study**)

((di)acyl diethylpyrazolidinediones cytotoxic activity against tumor cell lines)

RN 6495-44-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,5-Pyrazolidinedione, 1,2-diacetyl-4,4-diethyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 32 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:246944 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:246944

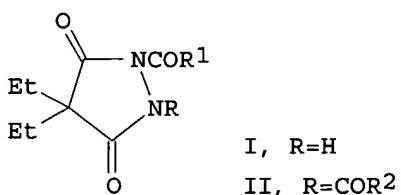
TITLE: Hypolipidemic activity of 1-acyl- and 1,2-diacyl-3,5-pyrazolidinediones

AUTHOR(S): Izydore, R. A.; Bernal-Ramirez, J. A.; Okwisa, W. A.; Yarborough, Lisa V.; Wong, O. T.; Hall, Iris H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., North Carolina Cent. Univ., Durham, NC, USA

SOURCE: Pharmazie (1993), 48(2), 111-17
CODEN: PHARAT; ISSN: 0031-7144DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB A series of substituted 1-acyl- (I, R1 = e.g., H, Ac, EtCO, PhCO, CH₂ClCO) and 1,2-diacyl-3,5-pyrazolidinediones (II, R1 and R2 = e.g., H, Ac, EtCO,

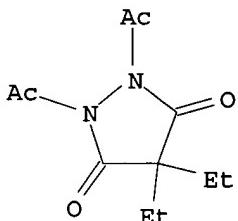
PrCO, BuCO) had hypolipidemic properties lowering both serum cholesterol and triglyceride levels in rodents. For optimal activity of the pyrazolidinediones, both nitrogen atoms of the ring needed to be substituted preferentially with MeCO group. This compd. lowered very low d.-lipoproteins but did not elevate high d.-lipoprotein cholesterol content in rats.

IT 6495-44-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study); BIOL (Biological study)
(hypolipidemic activity of)

RN 6495-44-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,5-Pyrazolidinedione, 1,2-diacetyl-4,4-diethyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



✓ L4 ANSWER 33 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:571451 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:171451

TITLE: Preparation of pesticidal N-aryl-3-aryl-4-substituted-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamides and
arylpolyazotriazoles

INVENTOR(S): Jacobson, Richard Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rohm and Haas Co., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

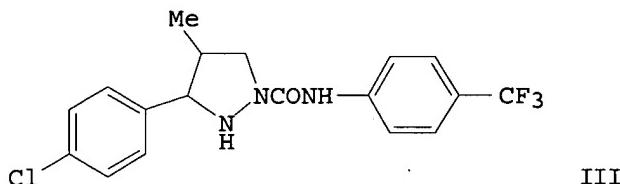
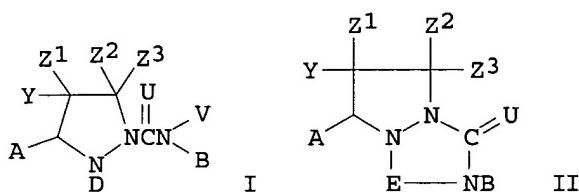
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

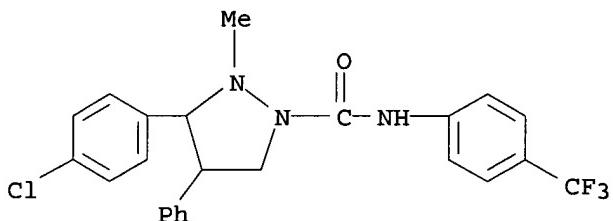
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|--------|------------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 490569 | A1 | 19920617 | EP 1991-311280 | 19911204 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| US 5109014 | A | 19920428 | US 1990-624808 | 19901210 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1990-624808 | A 19901210 |
| | | | US 1991-785138 | A 19911030 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | MARPAT | 117:171451 | | |
| GI | | | | |



- AB** The title compds. I [A, B = aryl, arom. heterocycl; U = O, S; V = H, (un)etherified alkyl, CHO, acyl, carbamyl, alkoxy carbonyl, phenoxy carbonyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, PhS, PhO, alkylsulfonyl; D = H, alkyl, acyl, alkoxy carbonyl, alkylsulfonyl; Y = (un)substituted alkyl or NH₂, acyl, CHO, carbamyl, heterocycl, isocyano, isothiocyanato, PhO, PhS, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl; Z₁-Z₃ = H, alkyl] and II [A, B, U, Y, Z₁-Z₃ = same; E = C₁-C₆-alkylidene, carbonyl, dicarbonyl, carbonylalkylidene] were prep'd. Thus arylpyrazolecarboxamide III was prep'd. by hydride redn. of the 4,5-dihydropyrazole. At 600 ppm III was 100% effective against *Epilachna varivestis* and *Spodoptera eridania*.
- IT** 142404-18-0P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. and pesticidal activity of)
- RN** 142404-18-0 CAPLUS
- CN** 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-4-phenyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

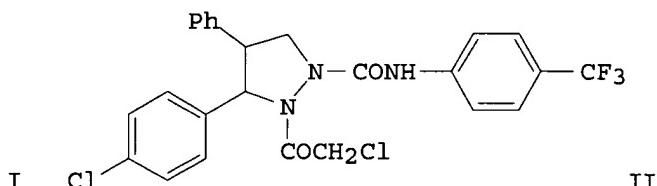
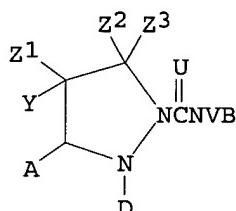


L4 ANSWER 34 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:469860 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:69860
 TITLE: Preparation of N-aryl-3-aryl-4-substituted-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamides as insecticides
 INVENTOR(S): Jacobson, Richard M.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 19 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| US 5109014 | A | 19920428 | US 1990-624808 | 19901210 |
| CA 2056018 | AA | 19920611 | CA 1991-2056018 | 19911122 |
| EP 490569 | A1 | 19920617 | EP 1991-311280 | 19911204 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| AU 9188913 | A1 | 19920611 | AU 1991-88913 | 19911206 |
| AU 654513 | B2 | 19941110 | | |
| ZA 9109642 | A | 19920826 | ZA 1991-9642 | 19911206 |
| IL 100294 | A1 | 19960514 | IL 1991-100294 | 19911209 |
| HU 59672 | A2 | 19920629 | HU 1991-3877 | 19911210 |
| BR 9105306 | A | 19920818 | BR 1991-5306 | 19911210 |
| JP 04290874 | A2 | 19921015 | JP 1991-325886 | 19911210 |
| JP 3058498 | B2 | 20000704 | | |
| US 5256670 | A | 19931026 | US 1992-969547 | 19921030 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1990-624808 | A 19901210 |
| | | | US 1991-785138 | A 19911030 |

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 117:69860

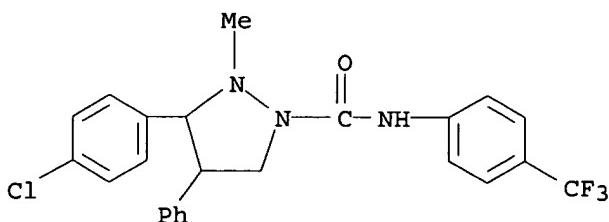
GI



AB Title compds. I [A,B = (hetero)aryl; U = O, S; V = H, (substituted)alkyl, formyl, alkanoyl, CO₂H, alkoxy carbonyl, PhOCO, alkoxy, alkylthio, PhS, etc.; D = H, alkoxy carbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkanoyl, alkyl; or DV = E; E = alkylene, CO, COCO, oxoalkylene; Y = Ph, alkyl, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) alkenyl, CHO, alkanoyl, PhCO, (substituted) aminocarbonyl, etc.; Z₁-Z₃ = H, alkyl] were prep'd. as pesticides. Thus, N-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide was reduced to the tetrahydropyrazole deriv. by (Me₂CH)₂AlH, then N-acetylted by ClCH₂COCl to give title compd. II. II was effective as an insecticide, giving 100% control of *Epilachna varivestis* and *Spodoptera eridania* at 600 ppm.

IT 142404-18-0P

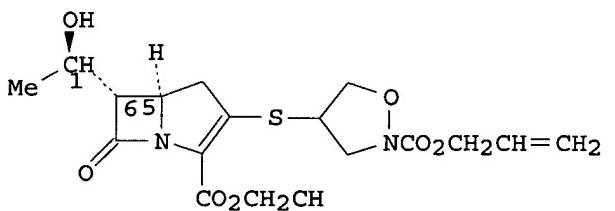
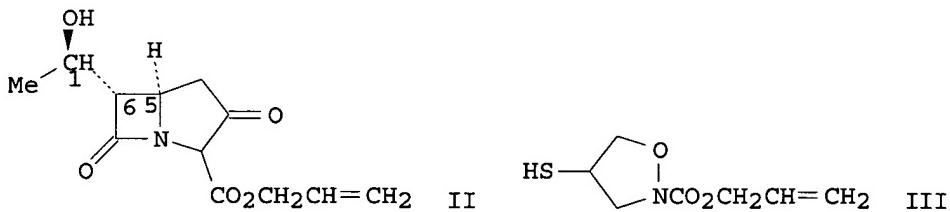
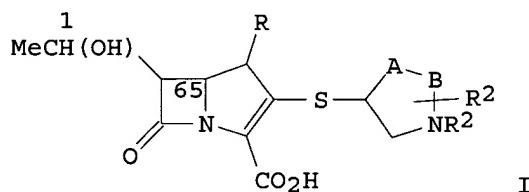
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prep'n. of, as insecticide)

RN 142404-18-0 CAPLUS**CN** 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-4-phenyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:6336 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:6336
TITLE: Preparation of new carbapenem derivatives as
antibacterial agents
INVENTOR(S): Nakagawa, Susumu; Otake, Norikazu; Yamada, Koji;
Ushijima, Ryosuke
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9109860 | A1 | 19910711 | WO 1990-JP1720 | 19901227 |
| W: CA, JP, US | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1989-342694 | 19891228 |
| | | | JP 1990-90011 | 19900404 |
| | | | JP 1990-104249 | 19900418 |

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 116:6336
GI



AB Carbapenem derivs. [I; R = H, Me; R1 = H, alkyl, acyl, formimidoyl, etc.; R2 = H, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; A = CH₂, CO; B = O, NR₃ whereas R3 = H, alkyl, acyl, etc] are prep'd. (Me₂CH)₂NET and (PhO)₂POCl were added to a soln. of (1R,5R,6S)-II in MeCN with stirring at 0.degree. under N, followed by a soln. of thiol III in MeCN at 0.degree. with stirring, and the soln. was

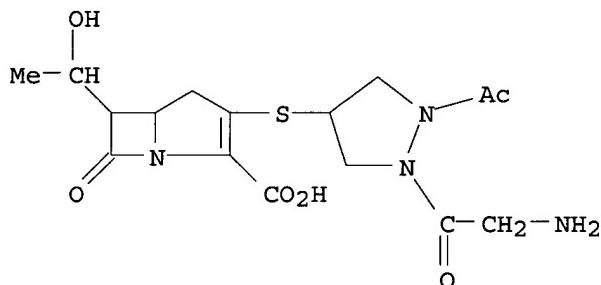
worked up to give 76.6% diester (1R,5R,6R)-IV, which was treated with Ph₃P, Bu₃SnH, and (Ph₃P)₄Pd under N₂, and the soln. was stirred with 0.5M K 2-ethylhexanoate and EtOAc to give 48.8% (1R,5R,6S)-I.K (R = R₁ = R₂ = H, A = CH₂, B = O) (V). V showed MIC 10.7 times that of thienamycin against Escherichia coli and 4.97 times against Klebsiella.

IT 136321-53-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, as antibacterial agent)

RN 136321-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Azabicyclo[3.2.0]hept-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[[2-acetyl-1-(aminoacetyl)-4-pyrazolidinyl]thio]-6-(1-hydroxyethyl)-7-oxo-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Na

L4 ANSWER 36 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:514262 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:114262

TITLE: Preparation of cephalosporin derivatives as
antibacterialsINVENTOR(S): Tanaka, Kiyoshi; Komatsu, Miwako; Egawa, Hiroyuki;
Moriyama, Keiko; Watanabe, Yasuo; Momoi, Kaishu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyama Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 03081280 | A2 | 19910405 | JP 1989-215487 | 19890822 |
| JP 2975949 | B2 | 19991110 | | |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:114262

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Cephalosporin derivs. [I; R₁ = H, acyl, protecting group; R₂ = (protected) CO₂H, CO₂-; R₃ = H, HCONH, alkylthio, alkoxy; A = C₁-6 hydrocarbyl residue; B = (substituted) N-heterocyclyl, NR₄R₅ wherein R₄, R₅ = H, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, etc.; n = 0,

1], useful as broad-spectrum antibacterials, esp. effective against meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*, are prep'd. NaH (50%) was added dropwise to a soln. of mercapto compd. II in THF with stirring under cooling, chloromethyl compd. III was added, followed by EtOAc, and the pH was adjusted to 7.0 with satd. NaHCO₃ to give 80% IV. Among 102 addnl. I prep'd., 5 showed MIC of 0.2-0.78 .mu.g/mL against *Staphylococcus aureus* F-137 and 0.1-0.2 .mu.g/mL against *Escherichia coli*, vs. 1.56 and 3.13 .mu.g/mL, resp., with a ref. compd.

IT 135768-12-6P

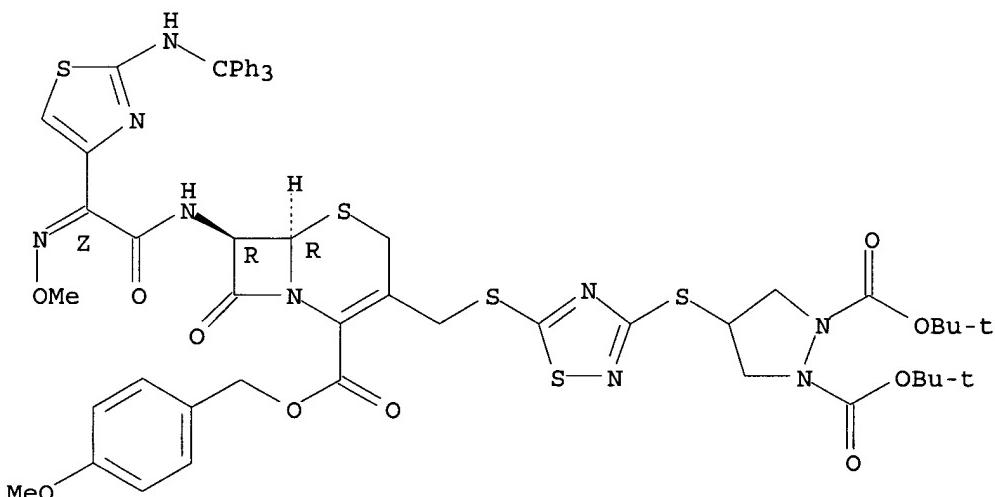
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prep'n. of, as antibacterial agent)

RN 135768-12-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrazolidinedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[5-[[[7-[[[(methoxyimino)[2-[(triphenylmethyl)amino]-4-thiazolyl]acetyl]amino]-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]carbonyl]-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-3-yl]methyl]thio]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl]thio]-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)ester, [6R-[6.alpha.,7.beta.(Z)]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 37 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:247039 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:247039

TITLE: Preparation of 1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]hept-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid compounds as antimicrobial agents

INVENTOR(S): Murata, Masayoshi; Chiba, Toshiyuki; Tsutsumi, Hideo; Hattori, Kohji; Kuroda, Satoru; Otake, Hiroaki; Shirai, Fumiayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 124 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

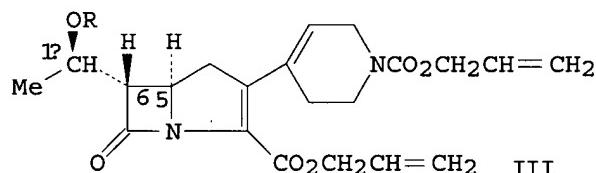
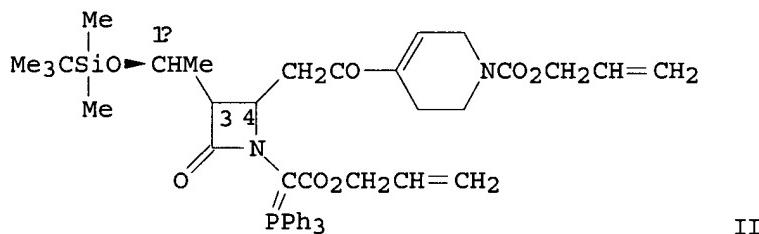
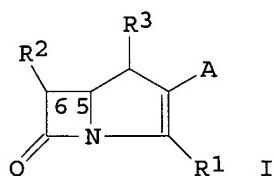
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 394991 | A1 | 19901031 | EP 1990-107824 | 19900425 |
| EP 394991 | B1 | 19940817 | | |

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 US 5102877 A 19920407 US 1990-508167 19900412
 CA 2015360 AA 19901028 CA 1990-2015360 19900425
 JP 02300187 A2 19901212 JP 1990-111145 19900426
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1989-9797 19890428
 GB 1989-16316 19890717
 GB 1989-21463 19890922

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:247039
 GI



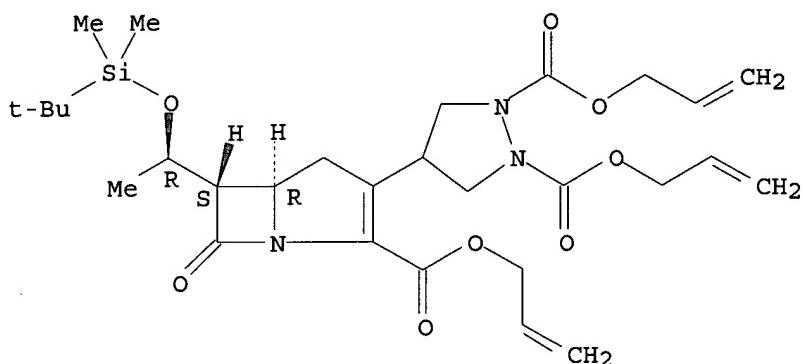
AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (protected) CO2H; R2 = (protected) hydroxyalkyl; R3 = H, alkyl; A = (fused) heterocyclyl, etc.] are prep'd. Refluxing a soln. of 2.0 g azetidinone (1'R,3S,4R)-II in degassed MePh to give 0.94 g (1'R,5R,6S)-III (R = Me3CSiMe2), which was treated with HOAc and Bu4N+F- in THF at 0.degree. and room temp. to give 281 mg (1'R,5R,6S)-III (R = H). (5R,6S)-I [R1 = CO2H, R2 = (R)-MeCH(OH), R3 = H, A = 1-formimidoylpyrrolidin-3-yl] showed MIC of .1 to < 0.025 .mu.g/mL against Staphylococcus aureus.

IT 132947-31-0P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (prep'n. of, as antibacterial agent)

RN 132947-31-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Pyrazolidinedicarboxylic acid, 4-[6-[1-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-7-oxo-2-[(2-propenylcarbonyl)-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]hept-2-en-3-yl]-, di-2-propenyl ester, [5R-[5.alpha.,6.alpha.(R*)]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 38 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:669 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:669

TITLE: Amino acid derivatives, processes for their preparation, and pharmaceutical compositions comprising them for treatment of hypertension and heart failure

INVENTOR(S): Hemmi, Keiji; Neya, Masahiro; Marusawa, Hiroshi; Imai, Keisuke; Kayakiri, Natsuko; Hashimoto, Masashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 300189 | A2 | 19890125 | EP 1988-109430 | 19880614 |
| EP 300189 | A3 | 19900822 | | |
| EP 300189 | B1 | 19941102 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| ZA 8804087 | A | 19890222 | ZA 1988-4087 | 19880608 |
| US 4921855 | A | 19900501 | US 1988-204549 | 19880609 |
| ES 2067456 | T3 | 19950401 | ES 1988-109430 | 19880614 |
| FI 8802875 | A | 19881223 | FI 1988-2875 | 19880616 |
| FI 96202 | B | 19960215 | | |
| FI 96202 | C | 19960527 | | |
| IL 86782 | A1 | 19930404 | IL 1988-86782 | 19880616 |
| AU 8818190 | A1 | 19881222 | AU 1988-18190 | 19880621 |
| AU 617674 | B2 | 19911205 | | |
| DK 8803400 | A | 19881223 | DK 1988-3400 | 19880621 |
| NO 8802732 | A | 19881223 | NO 1988-2732 | 19880621 |
| NO 175371 | B | 19940627 | | |
| NO 175371 | C | 19941005 | | |
| CN 1030411 | A | 19890118 | CN 1988-103878 | 19880621 |
| CN 1026892 | B | 19941207 | | |
| JP 01019071 | A2 | 19890123 | JP 1988-153041 | 19880621 |
| JP 06025147 | B4 | 19940406 | | |
| HU 47917 | A2 | 19890428 | HU 1988-3164 | 19880621 |
| HU 202212 | B | 19910228 | | |
| SU 1801107 | A3 | 19930307 | SU 1988-4356019 | 19880621 |
| US 5142048 | A | 19920825 | US 1990-462117 | 19900108 |
| RU 2070195 | C1 | 19961210 | RU 1991-5010142 | 19911122 |
| US 5223489 | A | 19930629 | US 1992-828193 | 19920130 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| GB 1987-14597 | 19870622 |
| GB 1987-25511 | 19871030 |
| GB 1988-5389 | 19880307 |
| US 1988-204549 | 19880609 |
| US 1990-462117 | 19900108 |

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

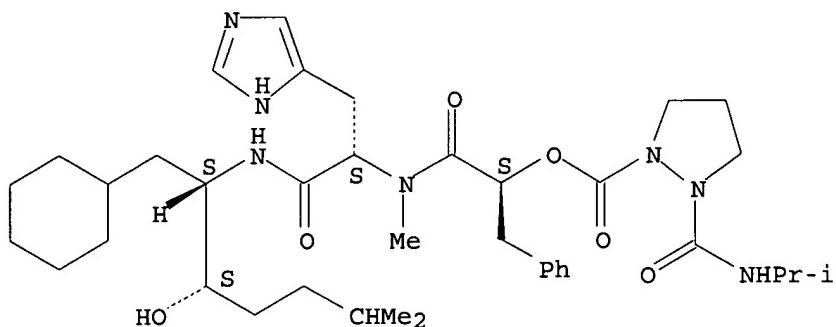
AB A process for prep. I [R1 = lower alkyl optionally substituted with acyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aryl, lower alkylthio, NR5R6; R5 = H, acyl; R6 = H, lower alkyl, aryl, (lower alkyl- or acyl-substituted) amino; R2, R3 = H, lower alkyl; R4 = lower alkyl; R1NR2 = heterocycle optionally substituted with lower alkyl, hydroxy(lower)alkyl, lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl, acyl(lower)alkyl, oxo, acyl] or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt comprises (a) reacting II (R3, R4 as above; R8 = H, N-protective group) or its reactive deriv. at the amino group or a salt thereof with III (R1, R2 as above) or its reactive deriv. at the COO group or a salt thereof, and, if necessary, eliminating the N-protective group or (b) subjecting IV (R2, R3, R4, R6 as above; R7 = N-protective group; A = lower alkylene) or its salt to elimination reaction of R7 to give V (R2, R3, R4, R6, A as above) or its salt. I are useful as antihypertensives or for the treatment of heart failure. A soln. of 2(S)-[N-(2-morpholinocarbonylethyl)-N-methylaminocarbonyloxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid (prepn. described) 449 and 2(S)-[N.alpha.-methyl-Nim-tosyl-L-histidyl]amino-1-cyclohexyl-3(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptane (prepn. described) 300 mg in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was mixed with N-ethyl-N'-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide-HCl 140 mg at 5.degree. overnight. The residue was dissolved in EtOAC, washed with HCl/NaHCO₃, dried, redissolved in DMF, and reacted with pyridine-HCl 650 mg for 2 h at room temp. Workup and purifn. by TLC yielded 2(S)-[N.alpha.-[2(S)-[N-(2-morpholinocarbonylethyl)-N-methylaminocarbonyloxy]-3-phenylpropionyl]-N.alpha.-methyl-L-histidyl]amino-1-cyclohexyl-3(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptane (VI) 221 mg (m.p. 80-87.degree.) as an amorphous powder. VI, dissolved in HCl and orally administered to Na-depleted male or female cynomolgus monkeys (32 mg/kg), reduced mean arterial blood pressure and plasma renin activity by 18 and 92%, resp.

IT 124075-74-7P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of, as antihypertensive)

RN 124075-74-7 CAPLUS

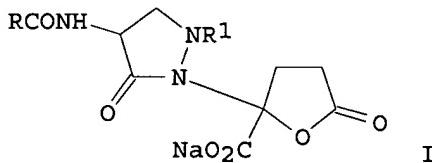
CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-, 2-[[2-[[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexyl]amino]-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl]methylamino]-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl ester, [1S-[1R*[R*(R*)],2R*]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 39 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:134928 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:134928
 TITLE: Synthesis of lactivicin analogs
 AUTHOR(S): Tamura, Norikazu; Matsushita, Yoshihiro; Yoshioka,
 Kouichi; Ochiai, Michihiko
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Div., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, 532,
 Japan
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1988), 44(11), 3231-40
 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:134928
 GI

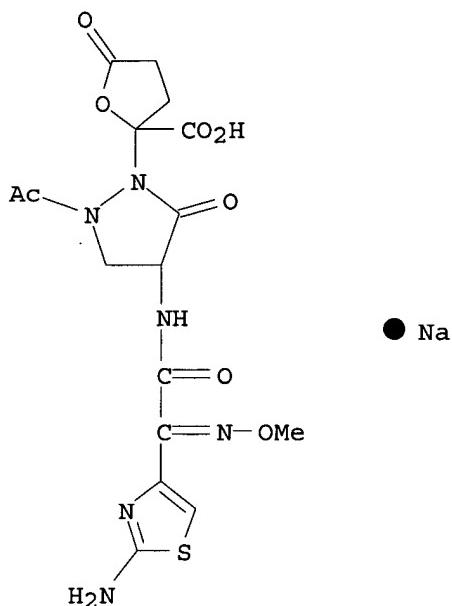


AB Aza analogs I [R = 2-aminothiazol-4-yl(methoxyimino)methyl, 2-thienylmethyl; R1 = H, Ac, Me] and II were prepd. I (R = Q, R1 = H) had bactericidal activity against Escherichia coli and Streptococcus pyogenes at 50 .mu.g/mL.

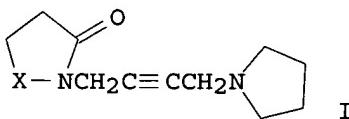
IT 119154-87-9P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and bactericidal activity of)

RN 119154-87-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furancarboxylic acid, 2-[2-acetyl-4-[(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl]amino]-5-oxo-1-pyrazolidinyl]tetrahydro-5-oxo-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 40 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:528889 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:128889
 TITLE: Position 5 at the oxotremorine skeleton as the steering position for activity at the muscarinic receptors
 AUTHOR(S): Amstutz, Rene; Closse, Annemarie; Gmelin, Gernot
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Praeklin. Forsch., Sandoz A.-G., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.
 SOURCE: Helv. Chim. Acta (1987), 70(8), 2232-44
 CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:128889
 GI



AB Substitution of the CH₂ group at position 5 of oxotremorine I (X = CH₂) by electroneg. atoms like O, NH, or by sterically bulkier groups like CHMe, NAc, NCHO changes the pharmacol. profile of oxotremorine drastically. The O- and N-analogs were potent but unselective (M₁/M₂) muscarinic agonists. The Me analog I (X = CHMe) is a muscarine antagonist which is 10 times more potent on the ganglion cervical superius ($pA_2 = 9.3$) than pirenzepine and is able to distinguish between the ileal and ganglion receptor by a factor of 100. The N-formyl deriv. differentiates between the two receptors by a factor of 500 with a potency comparable to pirenzepine. The two N1-selective antagonists have higher affinity to the rat-ganglion receptors compared to the affinity to rat-cortex homogenate. The synthesis and the pharmacol. activity of several new oxotremorine analogous are discussed.

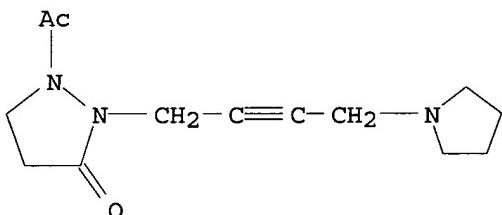
IT 116445-23-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and deacetylation and muscarinic agonist activity of)

RN 116445-23-9 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrazolidinone, 1-acetyl-2-[4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2-butynyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 41 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:167462 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:167462

TITLE: Preparation of 2-(3-oxo-2-pyrazolidinyl)-5-oxo-2-tetrahydrofuran carboxylic acid derivatives antibacterial agents

INVENTOR(S): Yoshioka, Koichi; Tamura, Norikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 36 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

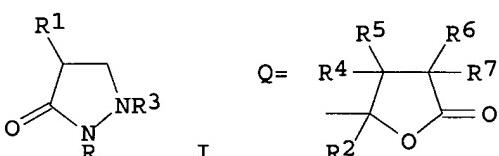
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62215583 | A2 | 19870922 | JP 1986-57921 | 19860314 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:167462

GI



AB The title compds. [I; R = Q; R1 = NH2, org. group linked via N; R2 = (un)substituted CO2H; R3-R7 = H, org. group, or R4R5 or R6R7 = bond], useful as antibacterial agents (no data), were prep'd. Reaction of 1-acetyl-4-benzylloxycarbonylamino-3-pyrazolidinone with 2-chloro-5-oxo-2-tetrahydrofuran carboxylic acid 4-nitrobenzyl ester in DMF in the presence of NaH gave 2-(1-acetyl-4-benzylloxycarbonylamino-3-oxo-2-pyrazolidinyl)-5-oxo-2-tetrahydrofuran carboxylic acid 4-nitrobenzyl ester which was hydrogenated over 10% Pd/C to a free amine and then acylated with 2-chloroacetamido-4-thiazolyl-(Z)-2-(methoxyimino)acetyl chloride.HCl in aq. THF contg. NaHCO3 to give, after deprotection with MeNHCS2Na,

2-[1-acetyl-4-[2-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)-(Z)-2-(methoxyimino)acetamido]-3-oxo-2-pyrazolidinyl]-5-oxo-2-tetrahydrofurancarboxylic acid Na salt.

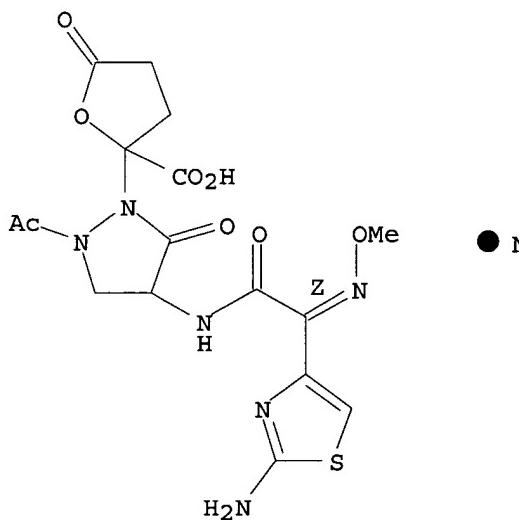
IT 113703-02-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of, as antibacterial agent)

RN 113703-02-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furancarboxylic acid, 2-[2-acetyl-4-[(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl]amino]-5-oxo-1-pyrazolidinyltetrahydro-5-oxo-, monosodium salt, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 42 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:591944 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:191944

TITLE: Heterocyclic compounds and their uses as herbicides

INVENTOR(S): Kobayashi, Shinichi; Yanagi, Mikio; Yamada, Osamu; Shida, Atsuhiko; Futatsuya, Fumio; Shimano, Shizuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

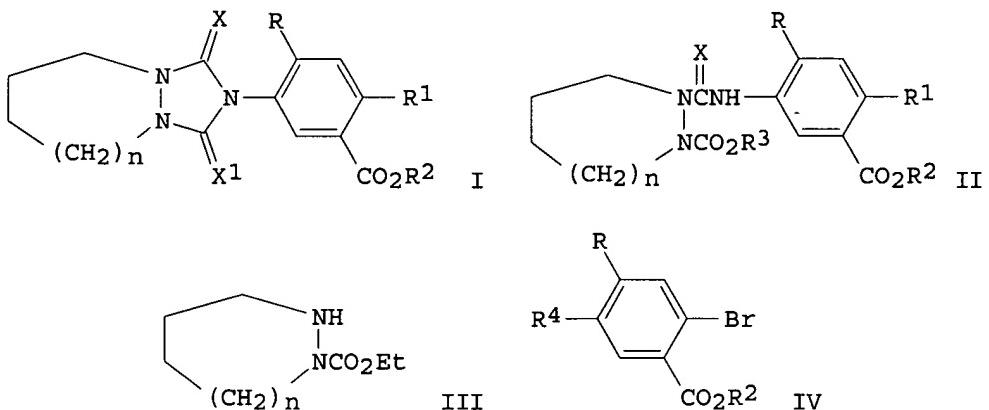
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 104484 | A1 | 19840404 | EP 1983-108583 | 19830831 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE | | | | |
| JP 59042384 | A2 | 19840308 | JP 1982-151696 | 19820902 |
| JP 59048462 | A2 | 19840319 | JP 1982-158227 | 19820913 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1982-151696 | 19820902 |
| | | | JP 1982-158227 | 19820913 |

GI



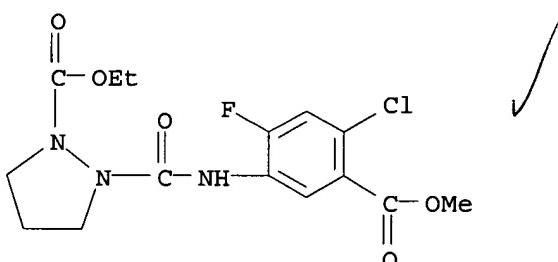
AB Diazacycloalkanecarboximides and -amides I and II ($R = H$, halo; $R1 = \text{halo}$; $R2 = H$, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl; $R3 = \text{alkyl}$; $X, X1 = O, S$; $n = 0-3$) were prepd. Thus, pyridazine III ($n = 1$) was treated with isocyanate IV ($R = F$, $R2 = \text{Me}2\text{CH}$, $R4 = \text{NCO}$) at 80.degree. to give I ($R = F$, $R1 = \text{Br}$, $R2 = \text{Me}2\text{CH}$, $X = X1 = O$, $n = 1$) (V). Also, pyrazole III ($n = 0$) was treated with isothiocyanate IV ($R = H$, $R2 = \text{EtMeCH}$, $R4 = \text{NCS}$) at .apprx.20.degree. to give II ($R = H$, $R1 = \text{Br}$, $R2 = \text{EtMeCH}$, $R3 = \text{Et}$, $X = S$, $n = 0$) (VI). At 12.5 g/are postemergent, both V and VI gave 100% control of pigweed.

IT 91151-15-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and herbicidal activity of)

RN 91151-15-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 43 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:191872 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:191872

TITLE: 1-(Aryl)thiocarbamoyl-2-(aryl)-3-pyrazolidinones and their nematocidal use

INVENTOR(S): Sakai, Kunikazu; Suda, Minoru; Kondo, Kiyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): FMC Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

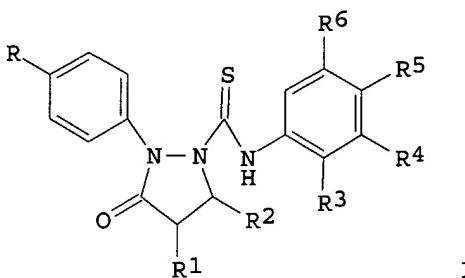
PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

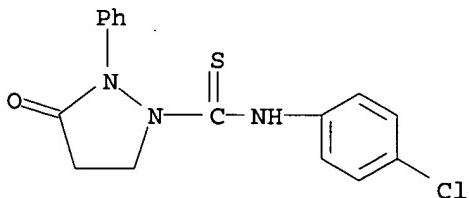
APPLICATION NO. DATE

| | | | | |
|-------------|----|----------|----------------|----------|
| US 4431659 | A | 19840214 | US 1982-426470 | 19820929 |
| JP 60146874 | A2 | 19850802 | JP 1984-1426 | 19840110 |
| JP 02016749 | B4 | 19900418 | | |

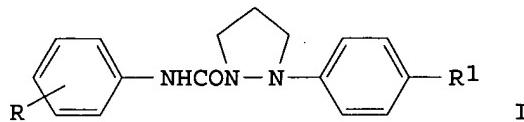
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1982-426470 19820929
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 100:191872
 GI



- AB The nematocidal title compds. I ($R = H, Me, Cl; R_1, R_2 = H, Me; R_3 = H, halo, Me; R_4, R_6 = H, halo, R_5 = H, halo, alkoxy$) were prep'd. Thus, 2-phenyl-3-pyrazolidinone was treated with p-ClC₄H₄NCS to give I ($R = R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = R_6 = H, R_5 = Cl$) (II). At 25 ppm II completely controlled *Tylenchorynchus claytoni*.
- IT 90061-62-4P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (prep'n. and nematocidal activity of)
- RN 90061-62-4 CAPLUS
- CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarbothioamide, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-phenyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

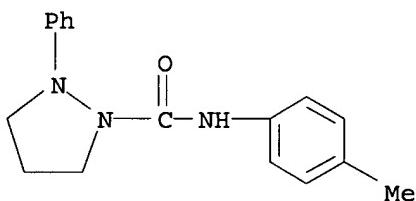


- L4 ANSWER 44 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:456900 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:56900
 TITLE: Synthesis of 1-phenyl-2-(phenylcarbamoyl)pyrazolidines as potential anticonvulsant agents
 AUTHOR(S): Kornet, Milton J.; Garrett, R. Joyce
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Pharm., Univ. Kentucky, Lexington, KY, 40506,
 USA
 SOURCE: J. Pharm. Sci. (1979), 68(3), 377-8
 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI

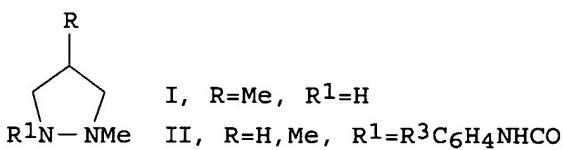


AB Twelve 1-phenyl-2-(phenylcarbamoyl)pyrazolidines I ($R = H, m\text{-Cl}, p\text{-Cl}, p\text{-F}, p\text{-MeO}, p\text{-EtO}, o\text{-Me}, p\text{-Me}, 2,6\text{-Cl}Me, 2,6\text{-Me}_2$, $R_1 = H; R = H, R_1 = Cl; R = m\text{-Cl}, R_1 = Me$) were synthesized from 1-arylpolyazolidines and aryl isocyanates. These adducts showed little anticonvulsant activity in the maximal electroshock seizure and pentylenetetrazole seizure assays.

IT 70274-08-7P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (prep. and anticonvulsant activity of)
 RN 70274-08-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, N-(4-methylphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



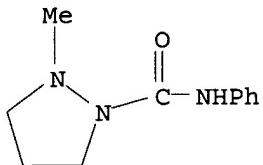
L4 ANSWER 45 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:87347 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:87347
 TITLE: Synthesis of 1-methyl-2-phenylcarbamoylpyrazolidines as potential anticonvulsant agents
 AUTHOR(S): Kornet, Milton J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Pharm., Univ. Kentucky, Lexington, Ky., USA
 SOURCE: J. Pharm. Sci. (1978), 67(10), 1471-3
 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



AB LiAlH₄ redn. of 1,4-dimethyl-3-pyrazolidinone yielded 1,4-dimethylpyrazolidine (I). I and 1-methylpyrazolidine reacted with $R^3C_6H_4NCO$ ($R^3 = Me$, halo, MeO, NO₂) to give II. Several II possessed anticonvulsant activity in the maximal electroshock seizure and pentylenetetrazole seizure threshold tests in mice.
 IT 69163-92-4P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

09/ 835,523

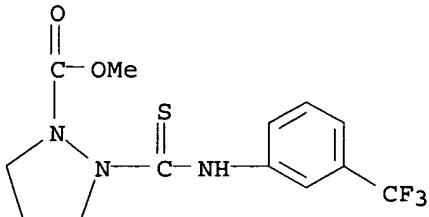
(prepn. and anticonvulsant activity of)
RN 69163-92-4 CAPLUS
CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 2-methyl-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 46 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:50904 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:50904
TITLE: Herbicidal N,N'-alkylene-N-alkoxycarbonyl-N'-(thio)carbamoylhydrazines
INVENTOR(S): Wakabayashi, Osamu; Matsuya, Kuni; Ohta, Hiroki;
Jikihara, Tetsuo; Watanabe, Hisao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Japan. Kokai, 9 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

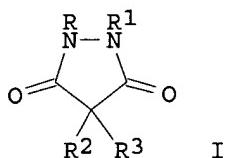
| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | JP 52083552 | A2 | 19770712 | JP 1976-205 | 19760101 |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Fifty herbicidal hydrazine derivs. I ($n = 3-6$; $Z = S, O$; $R = Me, Et, Me_2CHCH_2$; $R_1 = p$ -chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, p -methoxyphenyl, 1-naphthyl, allyl, etc.) were prep'd. by acylating N,N'-alkylene hydrazines. Thus, I ($n = 4$, $Z = S$, $R = Et$, $R_1 = p$ -chlorophenyl) was prep'd. in 94 or 88% yield by equimol. reaction of Et hexahydro-1-pyridazinecarboxylate with p -chlorophenyl isothiocyanate or 1-(p -chlorophenylthiocarbamoyl)hexahdropyridazine with $ClCO_2Et$, resp.
IT 59925-34-7P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and herbicidal activity of)
RN 59925-34-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[thioxo[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

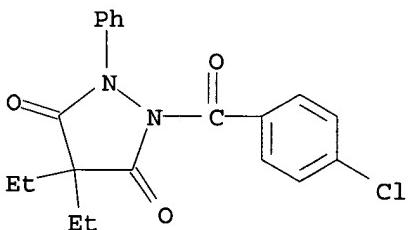


L4 ANSWER 47 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:121241 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:121241

TITLE: Synthesis and screening of some substituted
 3,5-dioxopyrazolidines
 AUTHOR(S): Nasr, H.; El-Zanfally, S.; Khalifa, M.; Abu-Shady, H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm., Cairo Univ., Cairo, Egypt
 SOURCE: Pharmazie (1976), 31(11), 774-5
 CODEN: PHARAT
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



- AB Seven pyrazolidinediones I ($R = \text{Ph}$, $p\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$, $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$, $R_1 = p\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$, $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$; $R_2 = \text{Et}$, Bu , $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$; $R_3 = \text{Et}$, Bu) were prep'd. by acylation of the appropriate pyrazolidinedione with $p\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4\text{COCl}$ or $p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{COCl}$. I ($R = \text{Ph}$, $R_1 = p\text{-O}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}$, $R_2 = R_3 = \text{Et}$) had antiinflammatory activity.
 IT 62188-93-6P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and antiinflammatory activity of)
 RN 62188-93-6 CAPLUS
 CN 3,5-Pyrazolidinedione, 1-(4-chlorobenzoyl)-4,4-diethyl-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 48 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:29859 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:29859
 TITLE: N1,N2-Alkylene-N1-alkoxycarbonyl-N2-(N-substituted carbamoyl or thiocarbamoyl)hydrazines
 INVENTOR(S): Wakabayashi, Osamu; Matsuya, Kuni; Ota, Hiroki; Jikihara, Tetsuo; Watanabe, Hisao
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Japan. Kokai, 12 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|

JP 51065757 A2 19760607 JP 1974-136691 19741129

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

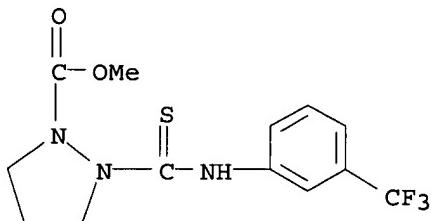
AB N1,N2-Alkylene hydrazines I (R1 = alkyl; R2 = alkyl, alkoxy, NO₂, halo, trihalomethyl, aryl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl; Z = O, S; n = 3-6) were prep'd. by reaction of hydrazines II with isocyanates or isothiocyanates R₂NCX or by reaction of hydrazines III with haloformates XCO₂R₁ (X = halo) or carbonates (R₁O)₂CO. I had herbicidal activity; the data were given against *Panicum crus-galli*, *Rotala indica* var. *uliginosa*, *Digitaria adscendens*, *Portulaca oleracea*, and *Paphanus salivus*. Thus, 1.7 g p-ClC₆H₄NCS and 1.58 g II (R₁ = Et, n = 4) in C₆H₆ were kept 3 hr at room temp. to give 94% I (R₁ = Et, R₂ = p-ClC₆H₄, Z = S, n = 4). Among 51 addnl. I prep'd. were (R₁, R₂, Z, n given): Et, p-MeOC₆H₄, O, 4; Me, p-MeOC₆H₄, S, 3; Me, p-ClC₆H₄, S 3; and Me, 3,4-Cl₂C₆H₃, S, 3.

IT 59925-34-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and herbicidal activity of)

RN 59925-34-7 CAPLUS

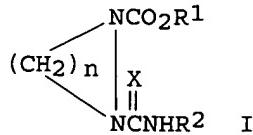
CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[thioxo[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 49 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:473445 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:73445
 TITLE: N1,N2-Alkylene-N1-alkoxycarbonyl-N2-(N-substituted carbamoyl)hydrazine and herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Wakabayashi, Osamu; Matsuya, Kuni; Ohta, Hiroki; Jikihara, Tetsuo; Watanabe, Hisao
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Japan. Kokai, 10 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 51038425 | A2 | 19760331 | JP 1974-112138 | 19740928 |

GI



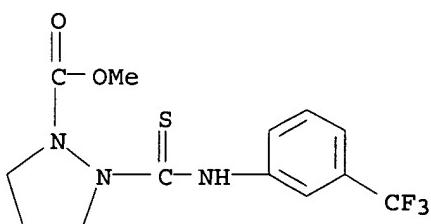
AB The title compds. I (R1 = lower alkyl; X = O or S; R2 = lower alkyl-, alkoxy-, NO₂-, halogen-, trihalomethyl-, halobenzyloxy-substituted aryl, lower alkyl, alkenyl, or cycloalkyl; n = 3-6) are potent herbicides against broadleaf and perennial weeds. Et 1,2-tetramethylene-1-(p-chlorophenylthiocarbamoyl)hydrazine-2-carboxylate (II) [58745-37-2] was synthesized by treating Et 1,2-tetramethylenedihydrazine-1-carboxylate [5740-50-1] with p-chlorophenyl isocyanate [104-12-1]. Similarly, 50 I were synthesized. II, applied to the soil at 10 g/are, completely inhibited the germination of Digitaria and Portulaca.

IT 59925-34-7P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. and herbicidal activity of)

RN 59925-34-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[thioxo[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:36:11 ON 14 AUG 2002)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:36:20 ON 14 AUG 2002

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2 50 S L1
L3 1547 S L1 FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:37:14 ON 14 AUG 2002

L4 49 S L3/BIOL

=> log y

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 217.48 | 358.35 |
| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | -30.36 | -30.36 |

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:38:14 ON 14 AUG 2002

STN INTERNATIONAL®

FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

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L104 ANSWER 11 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1995:956185 ZCPLUS

DN 124:146778

TI Azaproline: A pseudo amino acid for initiating or destabilizing a turn

AU Didierjean, C.; Aubry, A.; Rinaldi, D.; Boussard, G.; Marraud, M.

CS CNRS, Universite de Nancy I, Nancy, Fr.

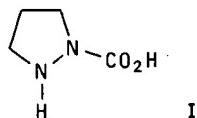
SO AIP Conf. Proc. (1995), 330(E.C.C.C. 1 Computational Chemistry), 403-5

CODEN: APCPCS; ISSN: 0094-243X

DT Journal

LA English

GI



I

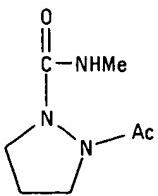
AB A conference report discussing the conformational preferences of azaproline (AzaPro; I) and azaproline-contg. deriv. Ac-AzaPro-NHMe and peptide Me₃CO₂C-Ala-AzaPro-Ala-NHCHMe₂ in comparison with proline analogs.

IT ***173414-21-6***

(conformational preferences of azaproline and azaproline-contg. peptides)

RN 173414-21-6 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxamide, 2-acetyl-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L104 ANSWER 12 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1994:701283 ZCPLUS

DN 121:301283

TI Approaches to pseudopeptidic ergopeptides. Part 2. Consequences of the incorporation of an α -azaproline residue into the oxacyclic system

AU Pinnen, Francesco; Luisi, Grazia; Calcagni, Anna; Luente, Gino; Gavuzzo, Enrico; Cerrini, Silvio

CS Ist. Chim. Farm., Univ. Catania, Catania, 95125, Italy

SO J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1994), (12), 1611-17

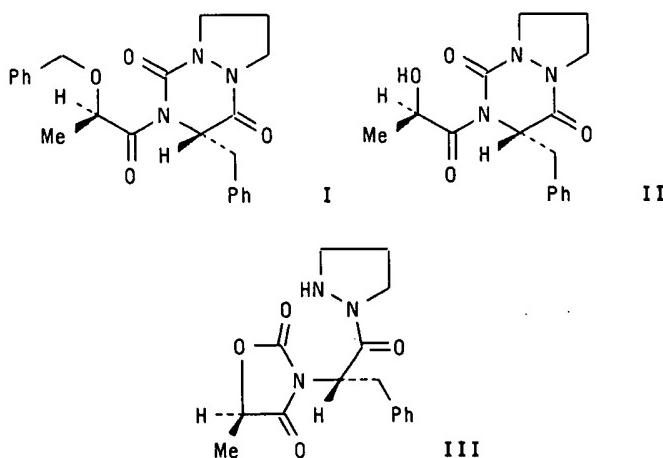
CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 121:301283

GI



AB As part of a program to synthesize pseudopeptidic ergopeptides, the introduction of an α -azaproline residue in place of native proline into an ergotamine-like oxacyclic system has been investigated. Starting material N-[*(R*)-2-benzylpropionyl]cyclo(Phe-azaPro) I was prepd. following two alternative synthetic routes and was subjected to reductive O-debenzylation. N,O-acyl transfer on the resulting N-[*(R*)-2-hydroxypropionyl]cyclo(Phe-azaPro) II leads, through a new type of four-heteroatom tetrahedral adduct, to (5*R*)-5-methyl-3-[(1*S*)-2-phenyl-1[(pyrazolidin-1-yl)carbonyl]ethyl]oxazolidine-2,4-dione III, as a unique isolable tautomer. Structural and conformational details of compd. II, as revealed by x-ray anal., are reported and compared with those of previously studied related models.

IT ***159174-54-6P***

(prep. and deblocking of)

RN 159174-54-6 ZCPLUS

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FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

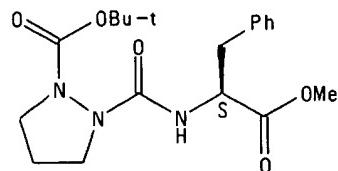
23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

PAGE 58

RN 159174-54-6 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[2-methoxy-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]carbonyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

PAGE 65

L104 ANSWER 16 OF 47 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

L104 ANSWER 17 OF 47 ZCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1993:581221 ZCAPLUS

DN 119:181221

TI Crystal state conformation of three azapeptides containing the azaproline residue, a β -turn regulator

AU Lecoq, A.; Boussard, G.; Marraud, M.; Aubry, A.

CS CNRS, Nancy, 54001, Fr.

SO Biopolymers (1993), 33(7), 1051-9

CODEN: BIPMAA; ISSN: 0006-3525

DT Journal

LA English

AB The mol. structure of azaproline-contg. peptides Z-AzaPro-NHCHMe₂ (I, Z = PhCH₂O₂C, AzaPro = azaproline), Z-AzaPro-L-Ala-NHCHMe₂ (II), and Boc-L-Ala-AzaPro-NHCHMe₂ (III, Boc = Me₃CO₂C) were detd. by x-ray diffraction. Starting from the key synthon benzyl azaprolinate, I, II, and III have been prep'd. by combined use of liq. phase peptide synthesis methods and adequate isocyanates. In all peptides, the following geometric characteristics are retained: (a) pyramidal character of the two nitrogen atoms of the pyrazolidine ring; (b) pseudo cis conformation of the urethane (I, II) or tertiary amide (III) function preceding the AzaPro residue; (c) identical abs. values of the azaproline residue torsion angles " φ , ψ ," resp. 111° and 23°. In II, the two nitrogen atoms of the pyrazolidine ring are R,R but the opposite S,S abs. configurations are obsd. in III. In the crystal, III adopts a folded structure similar to a type VI β -turn with a weak intramol. i + 3 → i hydrogen bond, while an extended structure is obsd. in II. In the light of the authors' findings, in a peptide chain and contrary to the Pro residue, an AzaPro residue should prevent the formation of any type of β -turn with the residue following it but could accommodate a folded structure with a pseudo type VI β -turn with the preceding residue. If confirmed, this would be of tremendous importance in the design of biol. active peptides and drugs.

IT ***145123-36-0*** ***145123-38-2***

(crystal and mol. structure of)

RN 145123-36-0 ZCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(1S)-1-methyl-2-[{(1-methylethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]amino]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

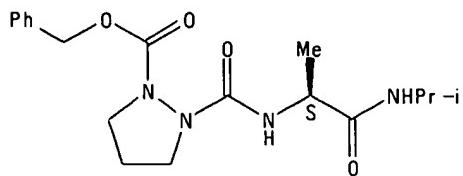
Absolute stereochemistry.

FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

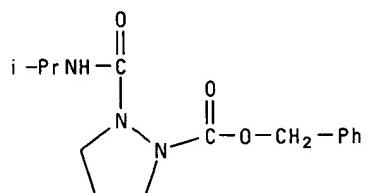
PAGE 66

RN 145123-36-0 ZCPLUS

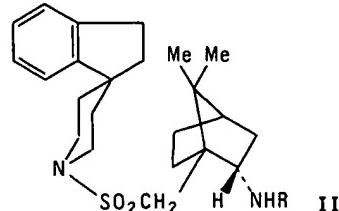
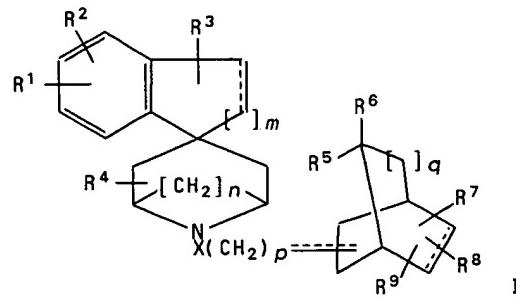


RN 145123-38-2 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L104 ANSWER 18 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS DUPLICATE 1
 AN 1992:511477 ZCPLUS
 DN 117:111477
 TI Preparation of N-[{bicycloheptylmethyl}sulfonyl]spiro[1H-indane-1,4'-piperidine] derivatives and analogs as oxytocin antagonists
 IN Bock, Mark G.; Evans, Ben E.; Freidinger, Roger M.; Gilbert, Kevin; Hobbs, Doug W.; Lundell, George F.; Pettibone, Douglas J.; Rittle, Kenneth E.
 PA Merck and Co., Inc., USA
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 123 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 PI EP-486280 A2 19920520
 DS R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 AI 91EP-0310476 19911113
 PRAI 90US-0612344 19901113
 91US-0759254 19910913
 DT Patent
 LA English
 OS MARPAT 117:111477
 GI



AB Title compds. [I; R¹, R² = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, OH, CF₃; R³ = H, halo, OH, etc.; R⁴ = H, alkyl, Ph; R⁵, R⁶ = H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl; R⁵R⁶ = O, atoms to complete a carbocyclic ring, etc.; R⁷-R⁹ = H, alkyl, alkoxy(carbonyl), (substituted)amino(alkyl), etc.; dashed lines = optional bonds; X = SO₂, CO, CH₂, etc.; m = 1-3; n, p = 0-2; q = 0, 1] were prep'd. as oxytocin antagonists (no data). Thus, (CICH₂CH₂)₂NCO₂CMe₃ (prepn. given) was cyclocondensed with

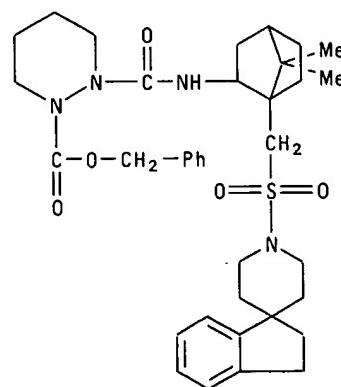
L104 ANSWER 18 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS DUPLICATE 1

indene and the deprotected product *N*-acylated with (+)-10-camphorsulfonyl chloride to give, after oximation and redn., title compd. II (*R* = H) which was condensed with CH₂:CHCH₂COCl to give II (*R* = COCH₂CH:CH₂).

IT ***142643-10-5P***

(prepn. of, as oxytocin antagonist)

RN 142643-10-5 ZCPLUS

CN 1(2*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,2-[[[1-[(2,3-dihydrospiro[1*H*-indene-1,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)sulfonyl]methyl]-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, phenylmethyl ester, (1*S*-endo)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L104 ANSWER 20 OF 47 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 116:214522 MARPAT

TI Preparation of (heterocyclphenylthio)cycloalkanecarboxylic acid derivatives as herbicides and plant growth regulators

IN Pissiotas, Georg; Moser, Hans; Brunner, Hans Georg; Steiner, Eginhard

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 223 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

PI EP-468924 A2 19920129

DS R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE

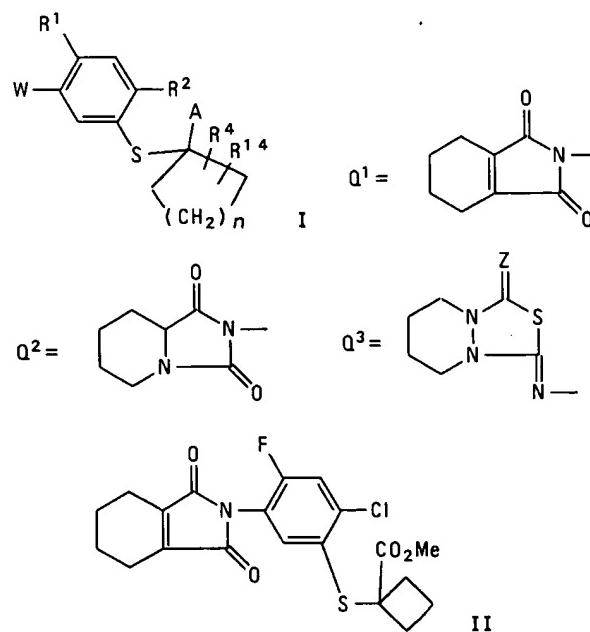
AI 91EP-0810577 19910716

PRAI 90CH-0002439 19900723

DT Patent

LA German

GI



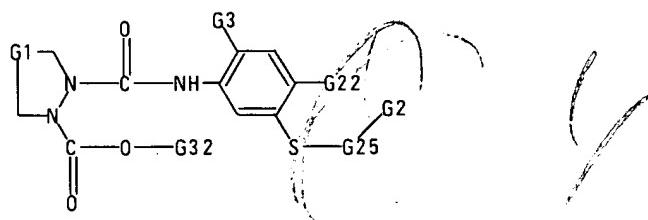
AB Title compds. [I; W = Q¹-Q³, etc.; A = COR³, cyano; R¹ = H, F; R² = halo, cyano; R³ = Cl, amino, XR⁵, pyrrolidino, morpholino, etc.; R⁴, R¹⁴ = H, F, Cl, Br, alkyl, CF₃; R⁵ = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, (substituted) PhCH₂, etc.; X, Z = O, S; n = 0-4], were prep'd. Thus, Me 1-(5-amino-2-chloro-4-fluorophenylthio)cyclobutanecarboxylate (prepn. given) and 3,4,5,6-tetrahydphthalic anhydride were refluxed 5 h in AcOH to give title compd. II. II at 250 g/ha postemergent gave 100% control of *Abutilon*, *Sida spinosa*, etc.

FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C 23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

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L104 ANSWER 20 OF 47 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

MSTR 13

G1 = (1-2) CH₂G32 = CH₂Ph

MPL: claim 1

L104 ANSWER 21 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1993:39364 ZCPLUS

DN 118:39364

TI The couple Pro/AzaPro: a means of β -turn formation control synthesis and conformation of two AzaPro-containing dipeptides

AU Lecoq, Alain; Boussard, Guy; Marraud, Michel; Aubry, Audre

CS Lab. Chim. Phys. Macromol., Nancy, 54001, Fr.

SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1992), 33(36), 5209-12

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 118:39364

GI



AB On the basis of synthesized azaproline (AzaPro)-contg. dipeptides I (Z = PhCH₂O₂C) and II (Boc = Me₃CO₂C), the conformational influence of the azaproline residue (a nitrogen atom is substituted for the Pro-CII α) on the β -turn occurrence was tested according to its relative position in the azadipeptide sequence. A key step in the synthesis of the azaproline residue was the cyclization of ZNHNH_{Boc} with Br(CH₂)₃Br in the presence of NaH followed by cleavage of the Boc group with HCl to give azaproline deriv. III.

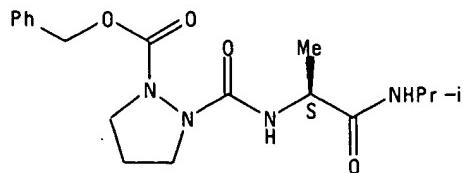
IT ***145123-36-OP***

(prepn. and conformation of)

RN 145123-36-0 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(1S)-1-methyl-2-[{1-methylethyl}amino]-2-oxoethyl]amino]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT ***145123-38-2P***

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FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

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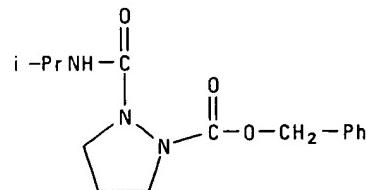
PAGE 74

RN 145123-36-0 ZCPLUS

(prepn. and hydrogenolysis of)

RN 145123-38-2 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



L104 ANSWER 24 OF 47 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 116:20783 MARPAT

TI Preparation of semicarbazido-containing phenylhydrazines

IN Onodera, Akira; Usagawa, Yasushi

PA Konica Co., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

PI JP03093767 A2 19910418 Heisei

AI 89JP-0229005 19890904

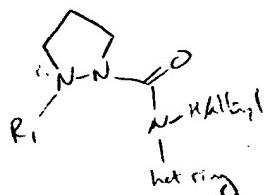
DT Patent

LA Japanese

AB $\text{R}^1\text{NR}^2\text{NR}^3\text{CONR}^4\text{XNA}^1\text{NA}^2\text{GR}^5$ [I; $\text{A}^1, \text{A}^2 = \text{H, acyl, sulfonyl, oxanyl}$; A^1 and/or A^2 are H ; $\text{X} = \text{bivalent arom. or heterocyclic ring residue}$; $\text{R}^1\text{R}^3 = \text{H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocycl, (thio)acyl, sulfonyl, (thio)carbamoyl}$; R^1R^2 and/or R^1R^3 may be bonded to form rings; R^1R^2 may alkylidene; $\text{R}^4 = \text{H, alkyl}$; $\text{G} = \text{CO, SO}_2, \text{sulfoxy, phosphoryl, thiocarbonyl, iminomethylene}$; $\text{R}^5 = \text{H, alkyl, aryl, heterocycl, alkoxy, aryloxy, OH, NH}_2, \text{alkoxycarbonyl, alkenyloxycarbonyl, alkynyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, carbamoyl}$], useful for photog. sensitizers (no data), are prep'd. by condensation of $\text{R}^1\text{R}^2\text{NNHR}^3$ (II; $\text{R}^1\text{R}^3 = \text{same as I}$) and $\text{R}^6\text{OCONR}^4\text{XNA}^1\text{NA}^2\text{GR}^5$ [III; $\text{R}^4, \text{R}^5, \text{G}, \text{A}^1, \text{A}^2 = \text{same as I}$; $\text{R}^6 = \text{H, alkyl, aryl, heterocycl}$). Thus, 20.0 g $\text{PhOCONHC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHNHCOCH}_2\text{OMe-p}$ (prep'd. from $\rho\text{NO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHNH}_2$ in 3 steps) was refluxed with 4.0 mL $\text{N}_2\text{N}_4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in MeCN to give 15.7 g $\rho\text{-(NH}_2\text{NHCONH)C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHNHCOCH}_2\text{OMe}$.

MSTR 1

G8—C(=O)G6—G5—G1—G17



G6 = NH

G8 = 30

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G16} \\ | \\ \text{N}—\text{N}—\text{G15} \\ | \\ \text{S} \end{array}$$

G15 = 37

 $\text{O}_2\text{S}_{37}\text{—R}$

G16 = R<TX "ring-forming group">

MPL: claim 1

L104 ANSWER 36 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1984:591944 ZCPLUS

DN 101:191944

TI Heterocyclic compounds and their uses as herbicides

IN Kobayashi, Shinichi; Yanagi, Mikio; Yamada, Osamu; Shida, Atsuhiko; Futatsuya, Fumio; Shimano, Shizuo

PA Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd. , Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

PI EP-104484 A1 19840404

DS R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE

AI 83EP-0108583 19830831

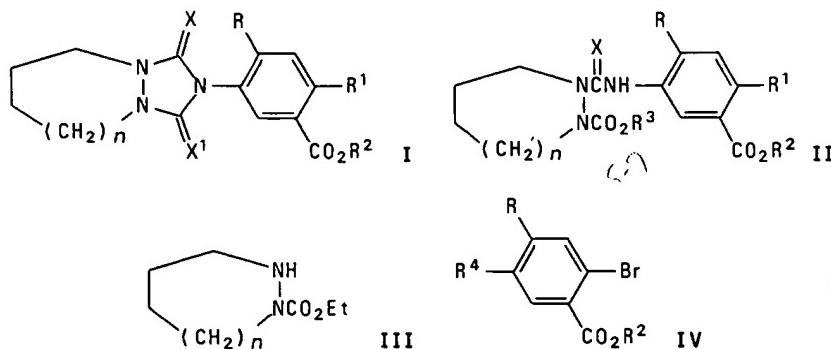
PRAI 82JP-0151696 19820902

82JP-0158227 19820913

DT Patent

LA English

GI



AB Diazacycloalkanecarboximides and -amides I and II ($R = H$, halo; $R^1 = H$, halo; $R^2 = H$, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl; $R^3 = \text{alkyl}$; $X, X^1 = O, S$; $n = 0-3$) were prep'd. Thus, pyridazine III ($n = 1$) was treated with isocyanate IV ($R = F$, $R^2 = \text{Me}_2\text{CH}$, $R^4 = \text{NCO}$) at 80° to give I ($R = F$, $R^1 = \text{Br}$, $R^2 = \text{Me}_2\text{CH}$, $X = X^1 = O$, $n = 1$) (V). Also, pyrazole III ($n = 0$) was treated with isothiocyanate IV ($R = H$, $R^2 = \text{EtMeCH}$, $R^4 = \text{NCS}$) at $\sim 20^\circ$ to give II ($R = H$, $R^1 = \text{Br}$, $R^2 = \text{EtMeCH}$, $R^3 = \text{Et}$, $X = S$, $n = 0$) (VI). At 12.5 g/are postemergent, both V and VI gave 100% control of pigweed.

IT ***91151-15-4P*** ***91151-16-5P*** ***91151-17-6P*** ***91151-24-5

P*** ***91151-25-6P*** ***91151-26-7P*** ***91151-27-8P*** ***91151-

28-9P*** ***91151-30-3P*** ***91151-32-5P*** ***91151-53-0P***

(prepn. and herbicidal activity of)

RN 91151-15-4 ZCPLUS

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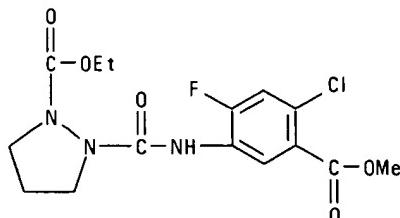
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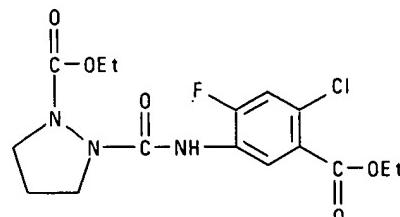
RN 91151-15-4 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

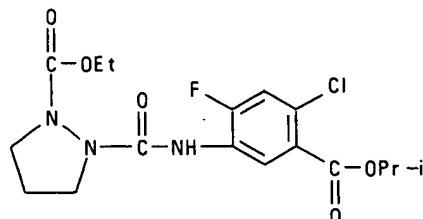


RN 91151-16-5 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[4-chloro-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-17-6 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 91151-24-5 ZCPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-chloro-3-(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

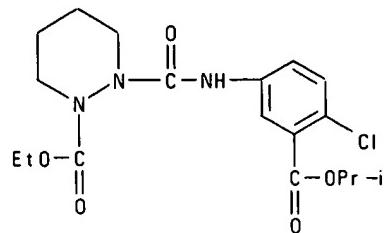
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FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

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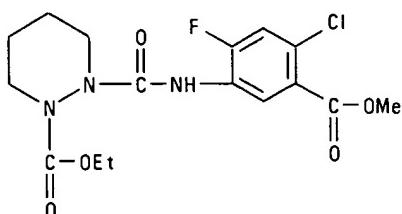
RN 91151-24-5 ZCAPLUS



RN 91151-25-6 ZCAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,

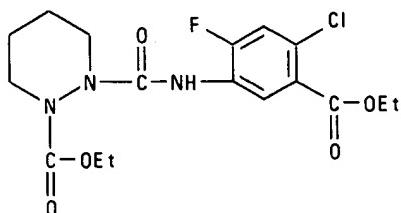
2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-26-7 ZCAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,

2-[[[4-chloro-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-27-8 ZCAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,

2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

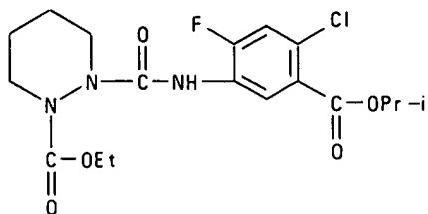
STN INTERNATIONAL®

FILE SEARCH RESULTS - P327420C

23 NOV 1998 20:04:40

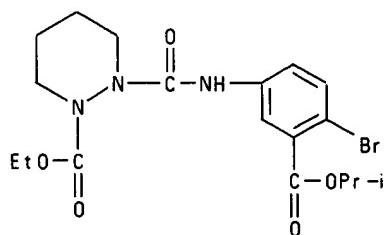
PAGE 105

RN 91151-27-8 ZCPLUS



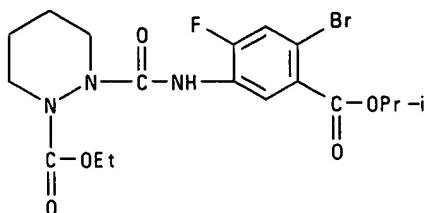
RN 91151-28-9 ZCPLUS

CN 1(2*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-bromo-3-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-30-3 ZCPLUS

CN 1(2*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-bromo-2-fluoro-5-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-32-5 ZCPLUS

CN 1(2*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-bromo-2-fluoro-5-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, 2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

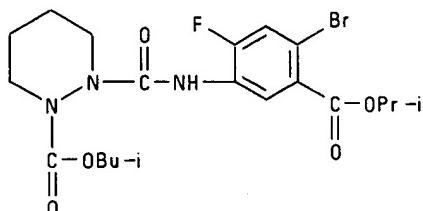
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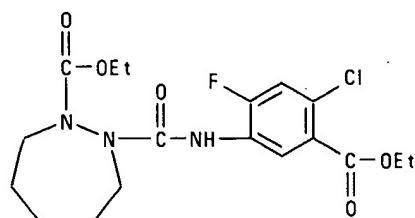
RN 91151-32-5 ZCPLUS



RN 91151-53-0 ZCPLUS

CN 1*H*-1,2-Diazepine-1-carboxylic acid,

2-[[[4-chloro-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]hexahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT ***91151-29-0P*** ***91151-31-4P*** ***91151-54-1P*** ***91151-55-2

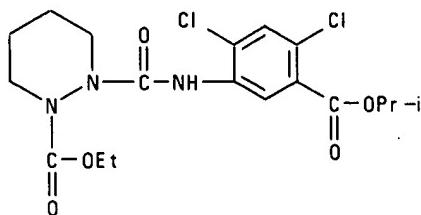
P*** ***91151-56-3P***

(prepn. of)

RN 91151-29-0 ZCPLUS

CN 1(*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,

2-[[[2,4-dichloro-5-(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

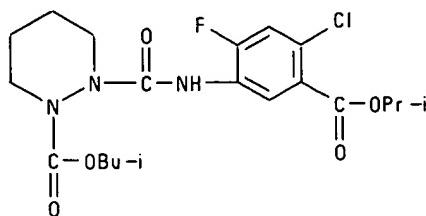


RN 91151-31-4 ZCPLUS

CN 1(*H*)-Pyridazinecarboxylic acid,

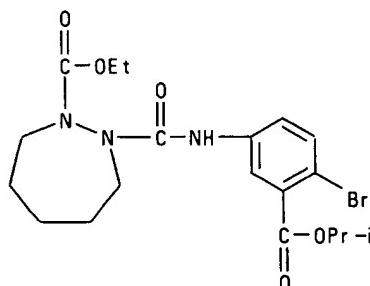
2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]tetrahydro-, 2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 91151-31-4 ZCPLUS



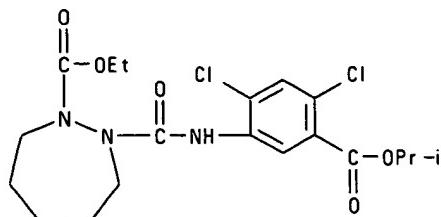
RN 91151-54-1 ZCPLUS

CN 1H-1,2-Diazepine-1-carboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-bromo-3-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]hexahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-55-2 ZCPLUS

CN 1H-1,2-Diazepine-1-carboxylic acid,
2-[[[2,4-dichloro-5-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]hexahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91151-56-3 ZCPLUS

CN 1H-1,2-Diazepine-1-carboxylic acid,
2-[[[4-chloro-2-fluoro-5-[(1-methylethoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]hexahydro-, ethyl ester
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

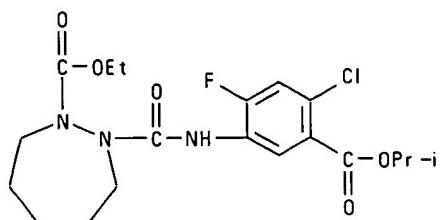
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RN 91151-56-3 ZCPLUS



L104 ANSWER 40 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1978:591427 ZCPLUS

DN 89:191427

TI Synthesis and biological activity of highly active α -aza analogs of luliberin

AU Dutta, Anand S.; Furr, Barrington J. A.; Giles, Michael B.; Valcaccia, Barbara

CS Pharm. Div., ICI Ltd., Macclesfield, Engl.

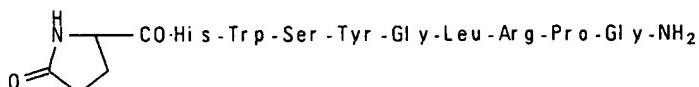
SO J. Med. Chem. (1978), 21(10), 1018-24

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DT Journal

LA English

GI



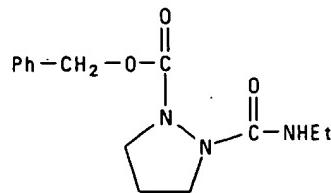
AB Luliberin (I) [33515-09-2] analogs contg. α -azaamino acid residues in 6-, 9-, and 10-positions were prep'd. by std. peptide couplings. Also prep'd. were [D-Phe⁶] [57521-78-5] and [D-Ser(Bu-t)⁶, de-Gly-NH₂; Pro-ethylamide⁹] [57982-77-1] analogs of I. The ovulation inducing activity of these peptides was evaluated in androgen-sterilized const.-estrus rats. The peptides contg. a D-amino acid in position 6 and HNNHCO (AzGly) residue in position 10 were superior to the corresponding nonaza analogs. [D-Ph⁶, AzGly¹⁰]- [65806-99-7] [D-Tyr(Me)⁶, AzGly¹⁰]- [65807-01-4], and [D-Ser(Bu-t)⁶, AzGly¹⁰]luliberin [65807-02-5] were 100 times as potent as I. [D-Phe⁶, MeLeu⁷, AzGly¹⁰]- [65807-04-7] and [D-Tyr(Me)⁶, MeLeu⁷, AzGly¹⁰]luliberin [65807-05-8] were only 50 times as active as I. Peptides contg. an azaproline residue in position 9, an azaphenylalanine or azaglycine residue in positions 6 and 10, or a Me₃C group on the HO group of the tyrosine residue in position 5 had reduced biol. activity.

IT ***67600-83-3P***

(prepn. and hydrogenolysis of)

RN 67600-83-3 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[(ethylamino)carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L104 ANSWER 44 OF 47 ZCPLUS COPYRIGHT 1998 ACS

AN 1975:593683 ZCPLUS

DN 83:193683

TI Polypeptides. XIII. Preparation of .alpha.-aza amino acid (carbazic acid) derivatives and intermediates for the preparation of .alpha.-aza peptides

AU Dutta, Anand S.; Morley, John S.

CS Pharm. Div., Imp. Chem. Ind. Ltd., Macclesfield, Engl.

SO J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1975), (17), 1712-20

CODEN: JCPRB4

DT Journal

LA English

AB Me₃CO₂CNHNHCHRR₁ (I; R = H, R₁ = CHMe₂, Ph, C₆H₄R₂-p, R₂ = OH, OCMe₃, Cl, C₆H₃(OMe)₂-3,4; R = Me, R₁ = Et), prep'd. from Me₃CO₂CNHNH₂ and aldehydes and MeCOEt followed by hydrogenation, with ClCO₂Et and KCNO-HCl gave Me₃CO₂CNHN(CHRR₁)CO₂Et and Me₃CO₂CNHN(CHRR₁)CONH₂, resp. which on hydrolysis gave .alpha.-azaamino acid esters and amides, resp. I with .alpha.-isocyanato esters gave .alpha.-aza dipeptide derivs. E.g., I (R = H, R₁ = Ph) with Me₂CHCH₂CH(NCO)CO₂Me gave N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-.alpha.-azaphenylalanylleucine Me ester.

IT ***57699-93-1P***

(prepn. of)

RN 57699-93-1 ZCPLUS

CN 1-Pyrazolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

